UNCLE SAM'S

ALMANAC

FOR THE YEAR 1889

Almanac for 1889—A Common Year of 365 Days.

Chronological Cycles.			
Dominical Letter,	F.	Solar Cycle,	22
Golden Number,	9	Roman Indiction,	2
Epact,	23	Julian Period,	6602

Year 5650 of the Jewish Era com. Sept. 26, 1889
Year 1307 of the Moham. Era com. Aug 28, 1889

Movable Festivals of the Church.			
Septuagesima S.	Feb. 17	Asc. or Holy Thur.	May 30
Quinquagesima	March 3	Whit Sund. (Pent.)	June 9
Shrove Tuesday,	" 5	Trinity Sunday,	June 16
Ash Wednesday,	" 6	Corpus Christi,	June 20
Palm Sunday,	April 14	1st S. in Advent,	Dec. 1
Easter Sunday,	April 21	Sundays after Trinity	23

Ember Days.	The Four Seasons of the Year.					
March 13th	Spring Commencement, Sun's Entrance in			Aries,	March 19, 11 h. 47 m. evening
June 12th	Summer	"	"	Cancer,	June 21, 1 h. 15 m. morn.
September 18th.	Autumn	"	"	Libra	Sept. 22, 11 h. 5 m. forenn
December 18th.	Winter	"	"	Capricornus	Dec. 21, 4 h. 57 m. morn.

Moon's Phases.

New Moon. First Quart
Full Moon. Last Quart.

The Twelve Signs of the Zodiac.

Aries, Ram.	Leo, Lion.	Sagittarius, Bowm.
Taurus, Bull.	Virgo, Virgin.	Capricornus, Goat.
Gemini, Twins.	Libra, Balance.	Aquarius, Waterm.
Cancer, Crab-Fish	Scorpio, Scorpion.	Pisces, Fishes.

Jupiter (♃) is called the Governing Planet this year.

Head and Face. Ram—Aries

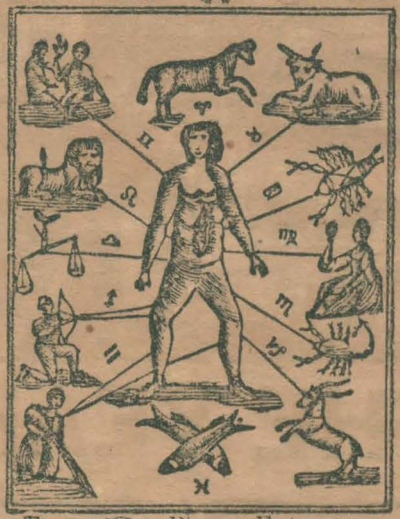
Arms. Twins—Gemini.

Heart. Lion—Leo.

Reins. Balance—Libra.

Thighs. Bowman—Sagittarius.

Legs. Waterman—Aquarius.



Neck. Bull—Taurus.

Breast. Crab-Fish—Cancer.

Bowels. Virgin—Virgo.

Secrets. Scorpion—Scorpio.

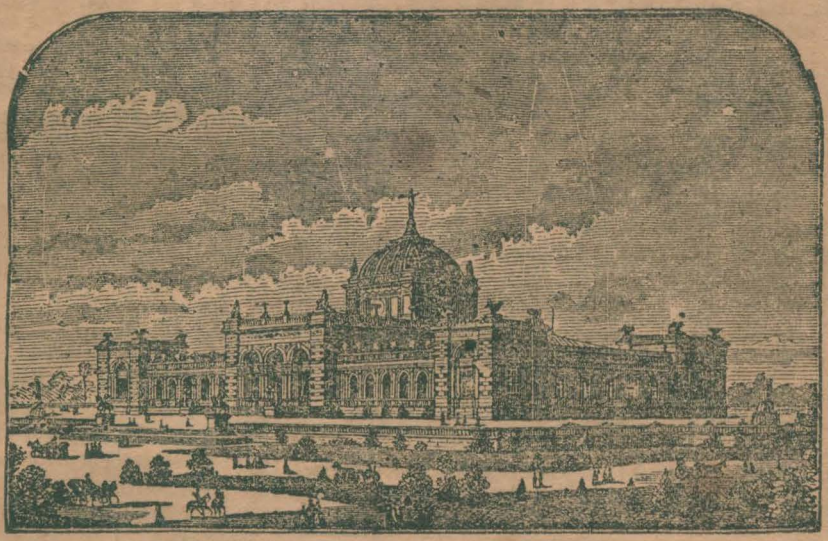
Knees. Goat—Capricornus.

Feet. Pisces. Fishes—

ECLIPSES OF THE YEAR 1889.

There will be 5 Eclipses this Year; 3 of the Sun, 2 of the Moon. The 1st is a total Eclipse of the Sun, Jan. 1st, 5. 5 P.M., visible here at sunset The 2d is a partial Eclipse of the Moon, Jan. 17th, 12.19 A M., visible in the U. S. Europe, Africa, North- and South-America, Atlantic, Pacific Ocean. The 3d is an Eclipse of the Sun in ringform, on July 28th, 3 o'clock 54 minutes, Morning, invisible in North- and South America, visible in the Southern part of Africa, and Indian Ocean. The Fourth is a partial Eclipse of the Moon, July 12th 3 o'clock 44 minutes, Evening invisible here; visible in Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia, Atlantic Ocean, Eastern Part of South-America. The Fifth is a total Eclipse of the Sun, Dec 22d, 7 o'clock 48 min., Morning, visible in Atlantic Ocean, East South-America, and West-Africa.

UNCLE SAM'S ALMANAC.



VIEW OF MEMORIAL HALL—CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION, PHILADELPHIA.

INTRODUCTION.

Again Uncle Sam—more respectfully Samuel—greets his children with his and their Almanac for 1889, filled with memories of the patriotic past and high hopes of a prosperous future.

Though more than one hundred years have passed over his head, he still rejoices in the strength of a vigorous manhood. His children are steadily increasing in number, while his children's children may be counted by tens of millions. The great experiment of founding a Republic on the shores of the Western Continent, in which the government shall rest in the hands of the people themselves, and every voter shall be a sovereign, has been successfully tried. His broad acres have been the ark of safety and an asylum for the oppressed of all nations. Year after year his commerce is extending to all quarters of the earth, his manufactures are achieving distinction in the foreign markets, the surplus produce of his soil is feeding the world, and the wealth of his mines is swelling annually our supply of silver and of gold. His mighty rivers are serving as the great highways on which can be transported at the lowest rates millions of tons of grain and other produce, and to these are superadded a gigantic net-work of railroads and canals.

In brief, he feels very much like tickling himself under the fifth rib incessantly, but lest he should become too garrulous, takes refuge in a dignified but self-satisfied silence.

JANUARY. Calculated for North, East, South & West. 18

N. & D.	MONTHS, DAYS, &c.	Latitude of Southern States. SUN rises & sets. h. m	h. m	MOON r. & s. h. m.	Aspects of Planets and other Miscellanies.	Latitude of Middle States. SUN rises & sets. h. m.	h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	Day of Week	Moon Signs. s. d.	Moon south h. m	Wat Pha h.
T.	1 *New Year*	7 9	4 51	☽ set	1. ♃ rises 6,4 ☽	7 2	4 37	☽ set	4	♋	13 12 43	12
W.	2 Abel, Seth	7 8	4 52	6 8	☿ ☌ ♂.	7 23	4 37	5 52	4	♋	25 1 43	1
T.	3 Enoch	7 8	4 53	7 9	♄ rises 7,38	7 23	4 37	6 57	4	♌	7 2 40	2
F.	4 Methusal.	7 8	4 52	8 20	☿ sets 8,14	7 22	4 38	8 11	5	♌	18 3 33	3
S.	5 Simon	7 7	4 53	9 27	♂ sets 7,52	7 22	4 38	9 17	5	♍	0 4 32	3

1) Sunday after New Year. Matth. 2. Day's length { 9 h. 46 m. South. Stat 9 h. 16 m. Middle Stat

S.	6 *Epiphany*	7 7	4 53	10 42	Rigel south 10,1	7 21	4 39	10 32	6	♍	12 5 7	4
M.	7 Isidor	7 7	4 53	11 47	♃ rises 5,46	7 20	4 40	11 37	6	♎	24 5 51	5
T.	8 Ehrhard	7 6	4 54	morn	8 Castor south	7 20	4 40	morn	7	♎	6 6 34	6
W.	9 Julian	7 6	4 54	12 10	☿ gr. Hel. Lat. S	7 19	4 41	12 20	7	♏	18 7 16	7
T.	10 Paul's Im.	7 6	4 54	1 12	✶ south 8,13	7 19	4 41	1 18	7	♏	1 7 59	8
F.	11 Eugene	7 5	4 55	1 42	♅ ☌ ☉. ♅ ☌ ☽.	7 18	4 42	1 49	8	♐	14 8 44	8
S.	12 Rinehold	7 4	4 56	2 30	☽ in apo. ♀ sets 8,29	7 18	4 42	2 39	8	♐	27 9 14	9

2) 1st Sunday after Epiphany. Luke 2. Day's length { 9 h. 54 m. South. State 9 h. 26 m. Middle State

S.	13 Hilary	7 3	4 57	3 24	Aldebaran so. 8,48	7 17	4 43	3 36	9	♑	11 9 57	10
M.	14 Felix	7 3	4 57	4 28	♂ sets 7,50 ♒	7 17	4 43	4 34	9	♑	25 10 29	11
T.	15 Maurice	7 2	4 58	5 27	Orion south 10,1	7 16	4 44	5 32	9	♒	10 11 9	12
W.	16 Marcellus	7 1	4 59	6 27	♃ rises 5,21	7 15	4 45	6 34	10	♒	25 11 59	12
T.	17 Anthony	7 0	5 0	☽ ris.	17. Regulus ris.	7 14	4 46	☽ ris.	10	♓	10 morn	1
F.	18 *Franklin*	7 0	5 0	6 45	♄ rises 6,34	7 13	4 47	6 35	10	♓	25 12 49	2
S.	19 Sarah	6 59	5 1	7 42	♀ sets 8,44	7 12	4 48	7 31	11	♈	0 1 39	2

3) 2d Sunday after Epiphany. John 2. Day's length { 10 h. 4 m. South. State 9 h. 38 m. Middle State

S.	20 Fab., Seb.	6 58	5 2	8 52	Capella south 8,57	7 11	4 49	8 44	11	♈	24 2 28	3
M.	21 Agnes	6 58	5 2	9 56	Spica sets 11,39	7 11	4 49	9 49	11	♉	9 3 16	4
T.	22 Vincent	6 57	5 3	10 59	♃ rises 5,1 ♌	7 10	4 50	10 57	11	♉	23 4 3	5
W.	23 Charitas	6 56	5 4	11 59	♅ ☌ ☽.	7 9	4 51	11 58	12	♊	6 4 57	5
T.	24 Timothy	6 56	5 4	morn	24. ♄ rises 5,48	7 8	4 52	morn	12	♊	20 5 40	6
F.	25 *Paul's Con.*	6 55	5 5	12 30	♅ stationary	7 7	4 53	12 37	12	♋	2 6 36	7
S.	26 Polycarp.	6 54	5 6	1 24	♀ sets 8,59	7 6	4 54	1 34	12	♋	15 7 24	8

4) 3d Sunday after Epiphany. Matth. 8. Day's length { 10 h. 14 m. South. State 9 h. 50 m. Middle State

S.	27 Chrysos.	6 53	5 7	2 18	♃ rises 4.47 ♑	7 5	4 55	2 28	13	♌	27 8 21	9
M.	28 Charles	6 52	5 8	3 14	☽ in Per. ☿ in ♌.	7 4	4 56	3 24	13	♌	10 9 21	10
T.	29 Adelgund	6 51	5 9	4 1	♂ sets 7,49	7 3	4 57	4 22	13	♍	22 10 23	11
W.	30 Valerius	6 50	5 10	5 8	☿ sets 5,49	7 2	4 58	5 20	13	♎	4 11 24	2
T.	31 Virgil	6 50	5 10	☽ set	31. ☿ gr. brilliancy	7 1	4 59	☽ set	13	♎	15 12 23	1

Jewish Festivals and Fasts.—5649 —January 3, Rosh Cho es i Shebat

Moon's Phases.

Southern States.	D.	H.	M.	Middle States.	D.	H.	M.
New Moon	1	3	48 Evening	New Moon	1	4	8 Evening
First Quarter	8	7	20 Evening	First Quarter	8	7	40 Evening
Full Moon	17	12	16 Morning	Full Moon	17	12	36 Morning
Last Quarter	24	10	37 Foren'n	Last Quarter	24	10	57 Foren'n
New Moon	31	3	49 Morning	New Moon	31	4	9 Morning

UNCLE SAM'S ALMANAC.

CONJECTURES OF THE WEATHER

1. 2. fair, 3. 4 cloudy, 5. 6. 7. snow, 8. 9. 10. ear, 11. 12. rain, 13. 14. clear, 15. 16. 17. ear, frosty, 18. 19. 20. mild, 21. 22. 23. 24. ndy, 25. 26. 27. cold days, 28. 29. cloudy, 30. . fair.

Pleasure and action make the hours seem short.

WAKE OF THE BATTLE.

SUFFERINGS OF THE CONFEDERATE WOUNDED DESCRIBED BY AN EYEWITNESS.

A Federal soldier once said to me; "I was always sorry for your wounded; they never seemed to get any care." The remark was extreme, but there was too much justice in it. There was little mitigation of hardship to our unfortunate armies. We were fond of calling them Spartans, and they were but too truly called upon to endure a Spartan system of neglect and privation. They were always ill-fed and ill-cared for. It would have been possible at this time, one would think, to send a courier back to inform the town and bespeak what comforts it could for the approaching wounded. But here they were, unannounced, on the brick pavements, and the first thing was to find roofs to cover them.

Men ran for keys and opened the long, empty shops and unused rooms; other people got brooms and stirred up the dust of ages; then armies of children began to appear with bundles of hay and straw, taken from anybody's stables. These were hastily disposed of in heaps, and covered with blankets — the soldier's own, or else one begged or borrowed from anywhere. On these improvised beds the sufferers were placed, and the next question was of the proper dressing of their wounds. No surgeons were to be seen. A few men, detailed as nurses, had come, but they were incompetent, of course. Our women set bravely to work and washed away the blood, or stanched it as well as they could, where the jolting of the long, rough ride had disarranged the hasty binding done on the battlefield. But what did they know of wounds beyond a cut finger or a boil? Yet they bandaged and bathed with a devotion that went far to make up for their inexperience.

Then there was the hunt for bandages. Every housekeeper ransacked her stores and brought things new and old. I saw one girl, in despair for a strip of cloth, look about helplessly, and then ripp off the hem of her white petticoat. The doctors came up by and by, or I suppose they did, for some amputating was done. Rough surgery, you may be sure. The women helped, holding the instruments and the basins, and trying to soothe or strengthen. They stood to their work very nobly; the emergency brought out all their strength to meet it.

POINTS OF INTEREST REGARDING THE AMERICAN FLAG. In response to a communication of inquiry we give the following, compiled from the most authoritative and reliable sources: In the beginning of the Revolution a variety of flags were displayed in the revolted colonies. After the battle of Lexington the Connecticut troops displayed on their standards the arms of the colony with the motto: *Qui transtulit sustinet*; and later, by act of the Provincial Congress, the regiments were distinguished by the various colors of their flags. It is uncertain what flag, if any, was used by the Americans at the battle of Bunker Hill. The first armed

FEBRUARY. Calculated for North, East, South & West.

W. & D.		MONTHS, DAYS, &C.	Latitude of Southern States. SUN rises & sets. h. m.	h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	Aspects of Planets and other Miscellanies.	Latitude of Middle States. SUN rises & sets. h m.	h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	D.	Moon Signs.	s. d.	Moon south h. m.
F.	1	Virginia	6 49	5 11	5 42	Sirius south 9,40 ☋	6 59	5 1	6 32	14	♍	27	1 1
S.	2	*Candle M.*	6 49	5 11	7 48	☿ in Perihelion	6 58	5 2	7 38	14	♎	10	2 1
5)		4th Sunday after Epiphany. Matth. 8. Day's length {10 h. 24 m. South. 10 h. 6 m. Middle											
S.	3	Blasius	6 48	5 12	8 49	♀ sets 9,19	6 57	5 3	8 39	14	♎	21	2 5
M.	4	Veronica	6 47	5 13	9 54	Orion south 8,40 ♌	6 56	5 4	9 44	14	♏	3	3 4
T.	5	Agathe	6 46	5 14	10 49	☿ stationary	6 55	5 5	10 39	14	♏	15	4 2
W.	6	Dorothy	6 45	5 15	11 48	♃ rises 4,16	6 54	5 6	11 38	14	♏	27	5 1
T.	7	Richard	6 44	5 16	morn	☽ 7. ♂ rises 7,47	6 53	5 7	morn	14	♐	9	5 5
F.	8	Solomon	6 43	5 17	12 18	Ψ stationary	6 52	5 8	12 26	14	♐	22	6 3
S.	9	Apo'lonia	6 42	5 18	1 12	♄ south 11,56	6 51	5 9	1 18	14	♑	9	7 2
6)		5th Sunday after Epiphany. Matth. 13. Day's length {10 h. 38 m. South. 10 h. 20 m. Middle											
S.	10	Scho'lastica	6 41	5 19	2 6	Capella south 7,45	6 50	5 10	2 13	14	♑	18	8 1
M.	11	Euphrosin	6 40	5 20	3 1	♀ sets 9,27 ♒	6 48	5 12	3 7	14	♒	3	9
T.	12	Gilbert	6 39	5 21	3 57	☿ gr. Hel. Lat. N.	6 47	5 13	4 2	14	♒	18	9 5
W.	13	Jordan	6 38	5 22	4 46	7 ✳ south 5,55	6 46	5 14	4 56	14	♓	3	10 4
T.	14	*Valentine*	6 37	5 23	5 42	☽ ☿ ☌ ☉. Infer.	6 44	5 16	5 52	14	♓	18	11 3
F.	15	Faustine	6 36	5 24	☽ ris.	☽ 15. ♄ south	6 43	5 17	☽ ris.	14	♈	3	morn
S.	16	Julianus	6 35	5 25	6 42	♃ rises 3,45	6 42	5 18	6 35	14	♈	18	12 2
7)		Septuagesima Sunday. Matth. 20. Day's length {10 h. 52 m. South. 10 h. 40 m. Middle											
S.	17	Constantin	6 34	5 26	7 50	♀ gr. W. East	6 40	5 20	7 42	14	♉	3	1 1
M.	18	Concordia	6 33	5 27	8 50	♋ Procyon south	6 39	5 21	8 40	13	♉	18	2
T.	19	Susanna	6 32	5 28	9 46	☉ enters ♓	6 38	5 22	9 39	13	♊	2	2 4
W.	20	Eucharius	6 31	5 29	10 59	♂ sets 7,47	6 37	5 23	10 57	13	♊	16	3 3
T.	21	Eleonora	6 30	5 30	11 59	Canopus south 8,15	6 36	5 24	11 59	13	♋	29	4 2
F.	22	*Wash'ton B*	6 29	5 31	morn	☾ 22. ♄ south 11,1	6 34	5 26	morn	13	♋	12	5 2
S.	23	Simon	6 28	5 32	12 35	☾ ♀ sets 9,36	6 33	5 27	12 38	13	♌	25	6 1
8)		Sexagesima Sunday. Luke 8. Day's length {10 h. 6 m. South. 10 h. 56 m. Middle											
S.	24	*St. Matth.*	6 27	5 33	1 36	♃ rises 3,18 ☋	6 32	5 28	1 35	13	♌	7	7 1
M.	25	Victor	6 26	5 34	2 25	Orion south 7,16	6 31	5 29	2 29	13	♌	19	8 1
T.	26	Nestor	6 25	5 35	3 20	☿ stationary	6 29	5 31	3 25	13	♍	1	9 1
W.	27	Leander	6 24	5 36	4 19	Antares rises 2,13	6 28	5 32	4 24	12	♍	13	10 1
T.	28	Macarius	6 23	5 37	5 17	♂ sets 7,47	6 27	5 33	5 22	12	♎	14	11 1

Jewish Festivals and Fasts.—5649.—February 1, Rosh Chodesh Adar Risc

Moon's Phases.

Southern States.	D	H	M		Middle States.	D.	H.	M.
First Quarter	7	3	38	Evening	First Quarter	7	3	58
Full Moon	15	4	57	Evening	Full Moon	15	5	17
Last Quarter	22	6	16	Evening	Last Quarter	22	6	55

♄) Saturn is on the 5th in opposition with the Sun, and shines all night.

NJECTURES OF THE WEATHER.

2. 3. cloudy, snow, 4. 5. 6. cold, 7. 8. 9.
d, 10. 11. 12 cold, 13. snow, 14. 15. 16. fair,
d, 17. 18. cloudy, 19. 20. clear, cold, 21. 22.
snow. 24. 25. mild, 26. 27. 28. cloudy, rain.

Gratitude preserves old friendship and procures new.

ssels commissioned by Washington iled under the flag adopted by the Prosncial Congress of Massachusetts as the e to be borne on the flag of the cruisers that colony—"a white flag with a green ne tree." The first republican flag unrled in the Southern States—blue, with white crescent in the upper corner next the staff—was designed by Colonel Villiam Moultrie, of Charleston, S. C., the request of the Committee of Safety, nd was hoisted on the fortifications of hat city in September, 1775.

The official origin of the "grand nion" flag is involved in obscurity. t the time of its adoption at Cambridge he colonies still acknowledged the legal ights of the mother country, and therefore retained the blended crosses of St. eorge and St. Andrew, changing only he field of the old ensign for the thirteen tripes emblematic of their union. The olor of the stripes may have been suggested by the red flag of the army, and he white flag of the navy, previously in se. Congress resolved, on June 14, 1777, "that the flag of the thirteen United States be thirteen stars, white in a blue field, representing a new constellation." This is the first recorded legislative action for the adoption of a national flag. The thirteen stars were arranged in a circle, although no form was prescribed officially. The flag thus adopted remained unchanged till 1794, when, on motion of Senator Bradley, of New York, it was resolved that from and after May 1, 1795, "the flag of the United States be fifteen stripes, alternate red and white, that the union be fifteen stars, white in a blue field." This was the flag used in the war of 1812–14. The act made no provisions for future alterations, and none were made until 1818, although several new States had meanwhile been admitted into the Union.

In 1816, on the admission of Indiana, a committee was appointed "to inquire into the expediency of altering the flag." A bill was reported on January 1, 1818, but was not acted on, which embodied the suggestions of Captain Samuel C. Reid, a distinguished naval officer, who recommended the reduction of the stripes to the original thirteen, and the adoption of stars equal to the number of the States, formed into one large star, and a new star to be added on the Fourth of July next succeeding the admission of each new State. On April 4, 1818, a bill embodying these suggestions, with the exception of that designating the manner of arranging the stars, was approved by the President, and on the 13th of the same month the flag thus established was hoisted over the Hall of Representatives at Washington, although its legal existence did not begin until the following Fourth of July.

In 1859, when Congress passed a vote of thanks to Captain Reid, the designer of the flag, it was suggested that the mode of arrangement of the stars should be prescribed by law, but the matter was overlooked. The stars in the unions of flags used in the War Department of the Government are generally arranged in one large star; in the navy flags they are invariably set in parallel lines. The blue union of stars, when used separately, is

MARCH. Calculated for North, East, South & West. 188

W. & D.	MONTHS, DAYS, &C.	Latitude of Southern States. SUN rises & sets. h. m. h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	Aspects of Planets and other Miscellanies.	Latitude of Middle States. SUN rises & sets. h. m. h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	D. of M.	Moon Signs. s. d.	Moon south h. m.	Moon Pas. h.
F.	1 St. David	6 22 5 38	☽ set	1. Arctur rises	6 25 5 35	☽ set	12	♎ 6	11 58	11
S.	2 S mplicius	6 21 5 39	6 47	♃ rises 2,58	6 24 5 36	6 44	12	♎ 18	12 47	2
9)	Quinquagesima Sunday.			Luke 18.	Day's length			11 h. 22 m. South. Sta 11 h. 14 m. Middle Sta		
S.	3 Samuel	6 19 5 41	7 46	♂ sets 7,45 ♉	6 23 5 37	7 43	12	♏ 0	1 34	3
M.	4 Veronica	6 17 5 43	8 53	Canopus south 7,32	6 21 5 39	8 50	11	♏ 12	2 29	4
T.	5 *Shrove T.*	6 16 5 44	9 56	☿ ☌ ☽. ☿ in Per.	6 19 5 41	9 53	11	♐ 25	3 27	5
W.	6 *Ash Wedn.*	6 1 5 45	10 53	☿ sets 9,44	6 18 5 42	10 50	11	♐ 6	4 32	5
T.	7 Philemon	6 14 5 46	11 5	Regulus south 10,48	6 16 5 44	11 49	11	♐ 19	5 17	6
F.	8 Perpetua	6 1 5 47	morn	♄ south 10,2	6 15 5 45	morn	10	♑ 2	6 4	7
S.	9 Prudence	6 11 5 49	12 36	9. Arctur rises	6 14 5 46	1 38	10	♑ 15	6 52	7
10)	1st Sunday in Lent.			Matth. 4.	Day's length			11 h. 40 m. South. Sta 11 h. 36 m. Middle Sta		
S.	10 Apollonius	6 10 5 50	1 26	♃ rises 2,32	6 12 5 48	1 27	10	♑ 28	7 42	8
M.	11 Ernestus	6 9 5 51	2 15	Castor south 8,10	6 11 5 49	2 18	10	♒ 12	8 32	9
T.	12 Gregory	6 8 5 52	2 48	Rigel sets 10,56	6 10 5 50	2 50	9	♒ 26	9 22	9
W.	13 *Emberday*	6 7 5 53	3 50	☿ rises 5,13	6 8 5 52	3 52	9	♓ 11	10 13	10
T.	14 Zachariah	6 6 5 54	4 2	♂ sets 7,46	6 7 5 53	4 29	9	♓ 26	10 47	11
F.	15 Christoph.	6 5 5 55	5 12	☿ sets 9,52	6 6 5 54	5 16	8	♈ 11	11 21	11
S.	16 Cyprianus	6 3 5 57	5 53	Spica sets 8,10	6 4 5 56	5 56	8	♈ 26	11 52	12
11)	2d Sunday in Lent.			Matth. 15.	Day's length			11 h. 56 m. South. Stat 11 h. 51 m. Middle Stat		
S.	17 *St. Patrick*	6 2 5 58	☽ ris.	17. Orion sets	6 3 5 57	☽ ris.	8	♈ 11	morn	1
M.	18 Anselmus	6 1 5 59	7 32	☿ in Aphelion	6 2 5 58	7 32	8	♉ 26	12 41	2
T.	19 Joseph	6 0 6 0	8 43	☉ enters ♈ Spring be.	6 0 6 0	8 42	7	♊ 11	1 31	3
W.	20 Matrona	5 59 6 1	9 56	♃ rises 1,56	5 59 6 1	9 54	7	♊ 25	2 22	4
T.	21 Benedict	5 58 6 2	10 58	☽ in Per. ♄ south 9,8	5 58 6 2	10 57	7	♋ 8	3 15	4
F.	22 Paulina	5 57 6 3	11 59	♂ sets 7,49	5 57 6 3	11 59	6	♋ 21	4 10	5
S.	23 Everad	5 56 6 4	morn	☿ sets 9.50 ♋	5 56 6 4	morn	6	♌ 3	5 8	6
12)	3d Sunday in Lent.			Luke 11.	Day's length			12 h. 10 m. South. State 12 h. 10 m. Middle State		
S.	24 Gabriel	5 55 6 5	12 31	24. ♃ ☌ ☽.	5 55 6 5	12 32	6	♌ 15	6 7	6
M.	25 *An. B. V. M*	5 54 6 6	1 28	☿ gr. brilliancy	5 54 6 6	1 29	5	♌ 27	7 6	7
T.	26 Emanuel	5 53 6 7	2 2	Rigel sets 10,10	5 53 6 7	2 21	5	♍ 9	8 3	8
W.	27 Gustavus	5 52 6 8	3 20	☿ gr. Hel. Lat. N.	5 52 6 8	3 17	5	♍ 21	8 59	9
T.	28 Gideon	5 51 6 9	4 11	Sirius sets 11,13	5 51 6 9	4 10	5	♎ 3	9 51	10
F.	29 Eustasius	5 50 6 10	5 7	☿ ☌ ☽. ♄ south	5 50 6 10	5 3	4	♎ 15	0 40	11
S.	30 Guido	5 4 6 11	5 42	7 ✳ sets 10,33	5 49 6 11	5 39	4	♎ 27	11 27	12
13)	4th Sunday in Lent.			John 6.	Day's length			12 h. 24 m. South. State 12 h. 24 m. Middle State		
S.	31 Detlaus	5 48 6 12	☽ set	31. ♃ rises 1,17 ♉	5 48 6 12	☽ set	4	♏ 9	11 59	1

Jewish Festivals and Fasts.—5649.—March 2., Schekolim. 4., Rosh Chodesh Adar Scheni. 14., Zom Esther. 16., Parschoth Schor. 17., Purim, 23., Parschoth Poroh. 30., Parschoth Hachodesch.

Moon's Phases.

Southern States.	D.	H.	M.	Middle States.	D.	H.	M.
New Moon	1	4	40 Evening	New Moon	1	5	00 Evening
First Quarter	9	12	39 Aftern'n	First Quarter	9	12	59 Aftern'n
Full Moon	17	6	27 Morning	Full Moon	17	6	47 Morning
Last Quarter	24	1	34 Morning	Last Quarter	24	1	54 Morning
New Moon	31	6	17 Morning	New Moon	31	6	37 Morning

ONJECTURES OF THE WEATHER.

1. 2. 3. fair, 4. 5. changeable, 6. 7. cold, 8. 10. northwestwind, 11. mild, 12. 13. changeble, 14. 15. clear, 16. 17. 18. stormy, 19. 20. 1. fair, 22. 23. cloudy, 24. 25. snow, rain, 26. 7. 28. changeable, 29. 30. 31. stormy.

The world is his who can see through its pretensions.

alled the union jack. The United States evenue flag, adopted in 1799, consists of ixteen perpendicular stripes, alternately ed and white, the union white, with the ational arms in dark blue. The union sed separately constitutes the revenue ıck. The American yacht flag is like he national flag, with the exception of he union, which is a white foul anchor n a circle of thirteen stars, in a blue ield.

FIGHTING IN THE WILDERNESS.

AMID THE HUM OF BULLETS — THE BATTLE LINE — AN UNINSPIRING SIGHT.

I came on a body of troops lying in reerve, a second line of battle, I suppose. heard the hum of bullets as they passed v r the low trees. Then I noticed that mall limbs of trees were falling in a eeble shower in advance of me. It was s though an army of squirrels were at ork cutting off nut and pine cone laden ranches preparatory to laying in their inter store of food. Then, partially ob cured by a cloud of powder smoke, I saw straggling line of men clad in blue. hey were not standing as if on parade, ut they were taking advantage of the over afforded by trees, and they were ring rapidly. Their line officers were anding behind them or in line with iem. The smoke drifted to and fro, and iere were many rifts in it. I saw scores f wounded men. I saw many dead oldiers lying on the ground, and I saw ien constantly falling on the battle line. I could not see the Confederates, and, as I had gone to the front expressly to see a battle, I pushed on, picking my way from protective tree to protective tree, until I was about forty yards from the battle line.

The uproar was deafening. The bullets flew through the air thickly. Now our line would move forward a few yards, now fall back. I stood behind a large oak tree and peeped around its trunk. I heard bullets "spat" into this tree, and I suddenly realized that I was in danger. My heart thumped wildly for a minute. Then my throat and mouth felt dry and queer. A dead sergeant lay at my feet with a hole in his forehead just above his left eye. Out of this wound bits of brain oozed and slid on a bloody trail into his eye and thence over his cheek to the ground. I leaned over the body to feel of it. It was still warm. He could not have been dead for over five minutes. As I stooped over the dead man bullets swept past me, and I became angry at the danger I had foolishly gotten into. I unbuckled the dead man's cartridge belt and strapped it around me, and then I picked up his rifle.

I remember standing behind the large oak tree and dropping the ramrod into the rifle to see if it was loaded. It was not. So I loaded it, and before I fairly understood what had taken place I was in the rear rank of the battle line, which had surged back on the crest of a battle billow, bareheaded and greatly excited, and blazing away at an indistinct, smoke and tree obscured line of men clad in gray and slouch-hatted. The fire was

APRIL. Calculated for North, East, South & West. 1889

W. & D.	MONTHS, DAYS, &C.	Latitude of Southern States. SUN rises & sets. h. m. h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	Aspects of Planets and other Miscellanies.	Latitude of Middle States. SUN rises & sets. h. m. h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	♑ sets.	Moon Signs. s. d.	Moon south h. m.	Water Pulsat. h. m.
M. 1	Theodore	5 47 6 13	7 8	☿ ☌ ☽. ☿ sets 7,53	5 45 6 15	7 9	3	♓	21	12 57	2 13
T. 2	Theodosia	5 46 6 14	7 58	♀ ☌ ☽. ♀ sets 9,34	5 44 6 16	7 59	3	♈	4	1 41	3 22
W. 3	Ferdinand	5 45 6 15	8 54	♄ sets 3,14	5 42 6 18	8 56	3	♈	16	2 25	4 16
T. 4	Ambrose	5 44 6 16	9 48	Procyon south 6.41	5 41 6 19	9 51	2	♉	29	3 11	5 0
F. 5	Maximus	5 43 6 17	10 44	☽ in apo. ☌ in ♌.	5 40 6 0	10 49	2	♊	11	3 57	5 56
S. 6	Egesippus	5 42 6 18	11 40	♃ rises 12,55 ♏	5 39 6 21	11 44	2	♊	25	4 45	6 48
14)	**5th Sunday in Lent.**			**John 8.**		**Day's length**		**12 h. 38 m. South. States 12 h. 46 m. Middle States**			
S. 7	Aaron	5 41 6 19	morn	☿ gr. Hel. Lat. S.	5 37 6 23	morn	2	♋	9	5 33	7 42
M. 8	Celestinus	5 40 6 20	12 30	8. Sirius sets	5 36 6 24	12 28	1	♋	23	6 23	8 36
T. 9	Prochorus	5 39 6 21	1 33	♀ stationary	5 35 6 25	1 30	1	♌	6	7 12	9 27
W. 10	Daniel	5 38 6 22	2 21	☽ ☌ ☽. ♄ sets 2,51	5 33 6 27	2 18	1	♌	20	8 2	10 16
T. 11	Julius	5 37 6 23	3 6	☌ sets 7,54	5 32 6 28	3 2	0	♍	5	8 51	11 3
F. 12	Eustachius	5 36 6 24	3 47	♀ sets 8,59	5 31 6 29	3 43	0	♍	20	9 40	11 47
S 13	Justinus	5 35 6 25	4 26	♃ rises 12,30	5 29 6 31	4 23	0	♎	5	10 29	12 8
15)	**Palm Sunday.**			**Matth. 21.**		**Day's length**		**12 h. 52 m. South. States 13 h. 4 m. Middle States**			
S. 14	Calixtus	5 34 6 26	4 59	♄ stationary	5 28 6 32	4 56	S.	♎	20	11 19	12 49
M. 15	Olympia	5 33 6 27	☽ ris.	15. Wega rises	5 27 6 33	☽ ris.	F.	♏	4	morn	1 32
T. 16	Rudolph	5 32 6 28	7 37	Spica south	5 25 6 35	7 43	0	♏	18	12 10	2 15
W. 17	Mary	5 31 6 29	8 5	Rigel sets 9,53	5 24 6 36	8 56	0	♐	2	1 14	2 59
T. 18	*Mound T.*	5 30 6 30	10 2	♄ sets 2.22	5 23 6 37	10 8	0	♐	16	2 0	3 42
F. 19	*Good Fr.*	5 29 6 31	11 6	♀ sets 8,24 ☾	5 22 6 38	11 14	1	♑	29	2 59	4 27
S. 20	Sulpitius	5 28 6 32	morn	♃ ☌ ☽. ☉ enters ♉	5 21 6 39	morn	1	♑	11	3 49	5 10
16)	**Easter Sunday.**			**Mark 16.**		**Day's length**		**13 h. 6 m. South. States 13 h. 20 m. Middle States**			
S. 21	*Easter S.*	5 27 6 33	12 19	♃ rises 11,59	5 25 6 40	12 14	1	♒	25	4 50	5 56
M. 22	*Easter M.*	5 26 6 34	1 9	22. Antares ris.	5 18 6 42	1 6	1	♒	6	5 59	6 47
T. 23	*St. George*	5 25 6 35	1 58	☌ sets 7,55	5 17 6 43	1 51	1	♓	18	6 55	7 45
W. 24	Albertus	5 24 6 36	2 56	☿ ☌ ☉. Superior	5 16 6 44	2 27	1	♓	1	7 48	8 47
T. 25	*St. Mark*	5 23 6 37	3 7	Sirius sets 9,31	5 15 6 45	3 0	2	♈	11	8 38	9 39
F. 26	Cletus	5 22 6 38	3 59	☿ in ♌. Orion sets	5 14 6 46	3 50	2	♈	24	9 25	10 34
S. 27	Anastasius	5 21 6 39	4 20	♂. ♄ sets 9,58	5 12 6 48	4 17	2	♉	1	10 10	11 26
17)	**1st Sunday after Easter.**			**John 20.**		**Day's length**		**13 h. 20 m. South. States 13 h. 38 m. Middle States**			
S. 28	Vitalis	5 20 6 40	5 2	♃ rises 11,32	5 11 6 49	4 57	2	♉	7	10 53	12 38
M. 29	Sybilla	5 18 6 42	☽ set	29. Arctur sc.	5 10 6 50	☽ set	2	♊	0	11 37	1 23
T. 30	Eutropius	5 17 6 43	7 25	♀ ☌ ☉. Infer.	5 9 6 51	7 32	2	♊	13	12 21	2 11

Jewish Festivals and Fasts,—5649.—2. April. Rosh Chodesh Nisan. 13., Schaboth Hagodol. 15., Erev Pessach. 16.—23., Pessach.

Moon's Phases.

	Southern States. D.	H.	M.		Middle States D	H.	M.
First Quarter	8	8	27 Morning	First Quarter	8	8	47 Morning
Full Moon	15	4	58 Evening	Full Moon	15	5	18 Evening
Last Quarter	22	7	58 Morning	Last Quarter	22	8	18 Morning
New Moon	29	8	44 Evening	New Moon	29	9	4 Evening

(♀) Venus is the 30. in Inferior-Conjunction with the Sun, passes into the Morning Star.

CONJECTURES OF THE WEATHER.

1. 2. 3. cold, rain, 4. 5. 6. mild, 7. 8. rain, 9. 10. 11. fair, 12. 13. cloudy, rain, 14. 15. fair, 16. 17 rain, 18. 19. clear, 20 21. 22. changeable, 23. 24. cloudy, rain, 25. 26. 27. fair, 28. 29. 30. rain.

Man attributes his misfortunes to bad luck and his success to shrewdness.

rather hot and the men were falling pretty fast. Still it was not anywhere near as bloody as I had expected a battle to be. As a grand, inspiring spectacle it was highly unsatisfactory, owing to the powder smoke obscuring the vision.

LINCOLN'S TOMB.

HOW THOSE WHO VISIT IT ARE MADE TO PAY FOR THE PRIVILEGE.

"I found at the tomb a fleshy man, wearing no collar, but possessed of a manner of deep solicitude to get a fee of 25 Cents from each visitor. In fact, the place has been turned into a dime museum, except that the fee is 25 cents instead of a dime. A poor man, with three ladies and a child, who had come a long way to visit the tomb of the martyred President, was much taken aback when told that he would have to pay a quarter apiece for the members of the party. He would no doubt have gone out, but there were strangers in the place and he was ashamed to do so. He handed a dollar to the guide, who extended his hand, saying: 'Twenty-five cents more, please. You'll have to pay for that child.' The poor man gave up a quarter more, and then, in an unpleasant frame of mind, went through the tomb.

"Part of it is devoted to the exhibition of relics, which the guard describes in an unchanging tone: 'This from Philadelphia;' 'This from the box where Lincoln was shot;' 'Those stains on it are Lincoln's blood;' 'That was worn by an actress in the theatre where Lincoln was killed, and that is Lincoln's whiskers letter.' I was curious to know what the whiskers letter was, and found upon inquiry that it was a missive penned by Lincoln to an artless little girl who advised him to shave off his beard. Having shown us through the museum, the guide took us into the place where the remains of the dead lie. He pointed out each compartment with an explanation as to whose remains lie there, and, with equal care as to details, showed a vacant compartment with the assertion that 'that hole is for the body of Robert Lincoln when he shall die.' I confess that the whole affair shocked me. The man is not to blame. He is employed, as I understand it, by the Monument association. The citizens have protested against the arrangement to no effect. The monument trustees argue that it costs money to keep up the monument, but the attention of the public should be directed to the matter in order that some plan of sustaining the monument by government control can be adopted, and the disgrace of turning it into a museum be stopped.

"A prominent Springfield business man who was a friend of Lincoln's, and has a desk that the President presented him, asked me to present the case to the newspapers. If the guide must be paid let him conduct the visitor as does the guide at the Philadelphia mint, who after having shown the caller about, offers a book for sale. The visitor, while not compelled to buy the book, usually does so, and out of that the guide gets his remuneration. Such a plan would be less obnoxious than the one now followed at Lincoln's tomb."

MAY. Calculated for North, East, South & West. 1889

M.	D.	MONTHS, DAYS, &C.	Latitude of Southern States. SUN rises & sets. h. m.	h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	h. m.	Aspects of Planets and other Miscellanies.	Latitude of Middle States. SUN rises & sets. h. m.	h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	h. m.	Sol's	Moon Signs. s.	d.	Moon south h. m.	Water Pontad. h. m.
W.	1	*Phil. & Jac.*	5 16	6 44	8 22		☿ gr. brilliancy	5 7	6 55	8 27		3	♋	26	12 56	2 59
T.	2	Sigismund	5 15	6 45	9 19		7 ✱ sets 8,29	5 6	6 54	9 6		3	♌	9	1 52	3 18
F.	3	*In. of Cross*	5 14	6 46	10 14		☽ in apo. ♄ □ ☉.	5 5	6 55	10 23		3	♌	2	2 39	4 3
S.	4	Florianus	5 14	6 46	11 16		♄ sets 1,9	5 4	6 56	11 22		3	♋	6	3 27	4 44
18)		2d Sunday after Easter. John 10.					Day's length	13 h. 34 m. South. States 13 h. 51 m. Middle States								
S.	5	Godhard	5 13	6 47	morn		♂ sets 7,58	5 3	6 57	morn		3	♋	19	4 16	5 21
M.	6	Aggeus	5 12	6 48	12 30		Sirius sets 8,55	5 2	6 58	12 25		3	♋	3	5 5	6 3
T.	7	Domicilla	5 11	6 49	1 10		Arctur south 11,11	5 1	6 59	1 6		3	♌	17	5 54	6 49
W.	8	Stanislaus	5 10	6 50	1 50		8. Spica south	5 0	7 0	1 46		3	♌	2	6 43	7 37
T.	9	Job	5 10	6 50	2 32		☿ rises 10.46	4 59	7 1	2 27		3	♌	16	7 30	8 31
F.	10	Gordianus	5 9	6 51	2 57		Antares south 1,13	4 58	7 2	2 54		3	♍	0	8 18	9 24
S.	11	Mamertus	5 8	6 52	3 31		☿ gr. Hel. Lat. N.	4 57	7 3	3 29		3	♍	4	9 6	0 3
19)		3d Sunday after Easter. John 16.					Day's length	13 h. 46 m. South. States 14 h. 8 m. Middle States								
S.	12	Pancratius	5 7	6 53	4 3		♅ ♂ ☽. ♂ ♂ ♆	4 56	7 4	3 59		3	♎	26	9 56	10 47
M.	13	Servatius	5 6	6 54	4 49		♄ sets 12,42	4 55	7 5	4 46		3	♎	1	10 48	11 29
T.	14	Christian	5 5	6 55	5 4		♀ rises 3,46	4 54	7 6	5 1		3	♏	27	11 44	12 34
W.	15	Sophia	5 5	6 55	☽ ris.		15. Librae so.	4 53	7 7	☽ ris.		3	♏	11	morn	1 18
T.	16	Peregrinus	5 4	6 56	8 52		Procyon sets	4 52	7 8	8 57		3	♐	24	12 42	2 9
F.	17	Venantius	5 3	6 57	9 50		☿ rises 10,14	4 51	7 9	9 58		3	♐	7	1 44	2 56
S.	18	Liborius	5 2	6 58	10 49		Antares south 10,25	4 50	7 10	10 57		3	♑	19	2 47	3 41
20)		4th Sunday after Easter. John 16.					Day's length	13 h. 56 m. South. States 14 h. 20 m. Middle States								
S.	19	Potentiana	5 2	6 58	11 42		Antares rises 8,11	4 50	7 10	11 55		3	♐	1	3 49	4 27
M.	20	Torpetus	5 1	6 59	morn		♀ stationary	4 49	7 11	morn		3	♐	13	4 49	5 1
T.	21	Prudence	5 1	6 59	12 35		21. ☉ enters ♊	4 48	7 12	12 26		3	♑	25	5 47	6 5
W.	22	Helena	5 0	7 0	1 11		Neptune ♂ ☉.	4 47	7 13	1 2		3	♑	7	6 36	6 46
T.	23	Desiderius	4 59	7 1	1 43		Rigel sets 7,33	4 46	7 14	1 32		3	♒	19	7 4	7 37
F.	24	Johanna	4 58	7 2	2 9		☿ sets 8,3 ♉	4 45	7 15	2 0		3	♒	1	8 9	8 30
S.	25	Beda	4 58	7 2	2 39		♀ rises 3,9	4 45	7 15	2 30		3	♓	13	8 53	9 0
21)		5th Sunday after Easter. John 16.					Day's length	14 h. 6 m. South. States 14 h. 32 m. Middle States								
S.	26	Urbanus	4 57	7 3	3 14		♃ rises 9,36	4 44	7 16	3 5		3	♓	25	9 36	10 25
M.	27	Lucina	4 57	7 3	3 44		Regulus sets 12,27	4 43	7 17	3 38		3	♈	8	10 19	11 24
T.	28	William	4 56	7 4	4 39		Wega south 2,14	4 43	7 17	4 30		3	♈	21	11 3	12 38
W.	29	Maximil.	4 56	7 4	☽ set		29. ♂ ☌ ☽.	4 42	7 18	☽ set		2	♉	3	11 48	1 24
T.	30	*Ascens. D.*	4 55	7 5	8 10		♄ sets 11,42	4 41	7 19	8 15		2	♉	17	12 35	2 6
F.	31	Manilius	4 55	7 5	9 4		Antares rises 7,30	4 41	7 19	9 0		2	♊	29	1 3	2 48

Jewish Festivals and Fasts.—5649.—May 1. and 2., Rosh Chodesh Iyar 19., Lag Beomer. 31., Rosh Chodesh Siwan.

Moon's Phases.

	Southern States. D.	H.	M.		Middle States D.	H.	M.
First Quarter	8	12	22	Morning	8	12	22
Full Moon	15	1	22	Morning	15	1	22
Last Quarter	21	4	33	Evening	21	4	33
New Moon	29	11	52	Fore'n	29	12	19 After'n

UNCLE SAM'S ALMANAC.

CONJECTURES OF THE WEATHER.

1. 2 3. clear, 4. 5. cloudy, rain, 6. 7. 8. fair, 9. 10. 11. changeable, 12. 13 rain, 14 15 16. 17. fair, 18. thunder shower, 19. warm, 20. 21. 22. fair, 23. 24. 25. rain, 26. 27. 28. fair, 29. rain, 30. 31. changeable.

The most manifest sign of wisdom is continued cheerfulness.

YANKEE DOODLE.

THE STORY OF ITS COMPOSITION AT ALBANY IN 1755.

It is known as a matter of history that in the early part of 1755 great exertions were made by the British Ministry, at the head of which was the illustrious Earl of Chatham, for the reduction of the French power in the provinces of the Canadas. To carry the object into effect, Gen. Amherst, referred to in the letters of Junius, was appointed to the command of the British army in northwestern America, and the British colonies in America were called upon for assistance, who contributed with alacrity their several quotas of men to effect the grand object of the enterprise. It was still fresh in the memory of some of our oldest inhabitants 60 years ago that the British army lay encamped, in the summer of 1755, on the eastern bank of the Hudson, a little south of the city of Albany, on the ground now belonging to Jeremiah Van Rensselaer. Vestiges of their encampment remained for a long time; and after a lapse of 60 years, when a great proportion of the actors of those days had passed away from the earth, the inquisitive traveller could observe the remains of the ashes, the places where they boiled their camp kettles. It was this army that, under command of Abercromble, was foiled with a severe loss in the attack on Ticonderoga, where the distinguished Howe fell at the head of his troops, in an hour that history has consecrated to fame. In the early part of June the Eastern troops began to pour in company after company, and such a motley assemblage of men never before thronged together on such an occasion, unless an example may be found in the ragged regiment of Sir John Falstaff, of right merry and facetious memory. It would have relaxed the melancholy of an anchorite to have seen the descendants of the Puritans marching through the streets of our ancient city to take their station on the left of the British army, some with long coats, some with short coats, and others with no coats at all, in colors as varied as the rainbow; some with their hair cropped like the army of Cromwell and others with wigs, whose curls flowed around their shoulders. Their march, their accoutrements and the whole arrangement of the troops furnished matter of amusement to the wits of the British army. The music played the airs of two centuries ago, and the tout ensemble exhibited a sight to the wandering strangers that they had been unaccustomed to in their own land. Among the club of wits that belonged to the British army there was a physician attached to the staff by the name of Dr. Shackburg, who combined with the science of a surgeon the skill and talents of a musician. To tease Brother Jonathan he composed a tune, and with much gravity recommended it to the officers as one of the celebrated airs of martial music. The joke took, to the no small amusement of the British corps, Brother Jonathan exclaimed it was "nation fine;" and in a few days nothing was heard in the provincial camp

JUNE. Calculated for North, East, South & West. 1889

W. & D.	MONTHS, DAYS, &C.	Latitude of Southern States. SUN rises & sets. h. m.	h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	h. m.	Aspects of Planets and other Miscellanies.	Latitude of Middle States. SUN rises & sets. h. m.	h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	h. m.	D.	Moon Signs. s. d.	Moon south h. m.	h. m.
S.	1 Nicodemus	4 54	7 6	10 11		Spica south 8,40 ☽	4 40	7 20	10 16		2	♍ 2	2 12	3 24
22)	**6th Sunday after Easter. John 15.**						**Day's length**					**14 h. 12 m. South. States 14 h. 40 m. Middle States**		
S.	2 Marcellus	4 54	7 6	10 40		♀ rises 2,50	4 40	7 20	10 46		2	♍ 17	3 1	4 9
M.	3 Erasmus	4 53	7 7	11 14		♄ ☌ ☽. ♄ rises 11,30	4 39	7 21	11 24		2	♎ 0	3 50	4 57
T.	4 Darius	4 53	7 7	11 47		Arctur south 9,17	4 39	7 21	11 56		1	♎ 14	4 38	5 52
W.	5 Bonifacius	4 52	7 8	morn		♀ gr. brilliancy	4 38	7 22	morn		1	♎ 28	5 25	6 47
T.	6 Artemus	4 52	7 8	12 32		6. ☿ stationary	4 38	7 22	12 27		1	♏ 12	6 11	7 38
F.	7 Lucretia	4 51	7 9	1 6		♃ south 1,17	4 37	7 22	1 2		1	♏ 27	6 58	8 22
S.	8 Medardus	4 51	7 9	1 40		Procyon sets 8,45	4 37	7 23	1 39		1	♐ 10	7 45	9 8
23)	**Whit Sunday. John 14.**						**Day's length**					**14 h. 18 m. South. States 14 h. 46 m. Middle States**		
S.	9 *Whit Sun.*	4 51	7 9	2 9		Pollux sets 10,14	4 37	7 23	2 5		0	♐ 25	8 34	9 46
M.	10 *Whit Mon.*	4 51	7 9	2 40		♀ rises 2,33	4 37	7 23	2 37		0	♑ 9	9 27	10 44
T.	11 Barnabas	4 50	7 10	3 11		Wega south 1,16	4 36	7 24	3 4		0	♑ 22	10 23	11 39
W.	12 *Emberday*	4 50	7 10	3 5.		Spica south 7,54	4 36	7 24	3 47		0	♒ 6	11 23	12 34
T.	13 Tobias	4 50	7 10	☽ ris.		13. ♃ rises	4 36	7 24	☽ ris.		0	♒ 19	morn	1 10
F.	14 Heliseus	4 50	7 10	8 40		☿ in Aphelion	4 36	7 24	8 56		♋	♓ 2	12 27	1 49
S.	15 Vitus	4 50	7 10	9 44		♄ sets 10,38	4 35	7 25	9 54		♍	♓ 15	1 31	2 36
24)	**Trinity Sunday. John 3.**						**Day's length**					**14 h. 20 m. South. States 14 h. 50 m. Middle States**		
S.	16 Rolandus	4 50	7 10	10 33		Antares south 10,42	4 35	7 25	10 43		0	♈ 29	2 35	3 11
M.	17 St. Alban	4 50	7 10	11 12		♂ ☌ ☉. ♀ rises 2,22	4 35	7 25	11 22		0	♉ 9	3 34	3 54
T.	18 Arnolphus	4 49	7 11	11 45		♃ south 12,28	4 35	7 25	11 55		0	♉ 21	4 29	4 22
W.	19 Gervasius	4 49	7 11	morn		☿ ☌ ☉. Inferior	4 35	7 25	morn		1	♊ 3	5 20	5 8
T.	20 *Corpus Ch.*	4 49	7 11	12 20		20. Librae sou.	4 35	7 25	12 16		1	♊ 15	6 7	5 56
F.	21 Raphael	4 48	7 12	12 58		☉ enters ♋	4 34	7 2	12 52		1	♊ 27	6 52	6 49
S.	22 Achatius	4 49	7 11	1 30		Summer commences	4 35	7 25	1 23		1	♋ 9	7 35	7 49
25)	**1st Sunday after Trinity. Luke 16.**						**Day's length**					**14 h. 22 m. South. States 14 h. 50 m. Middle States**		
S.	23 Agrippina	4 49	7 11	1 59		Procyon sets 7,44	4 35	7 25	1 50		1	♋ 21	8 18	8 52
M.	24 *John, Bap.*	4 49	7 11	2 31		♃ ☍ ☉. ♃ south	4 35	7 25	2 20		2	♌ 4	9 2	9 55
T.	25 Elogius	4 50	7 10	2 59		♅ stationary	4 35	7 25	2 50		2	♌ 16	9 46	10 57
W.	26 Jeremiah	4 50	7 10	3 20		☿ ☌ ☽. ♄ sets 10,1	4 35	7 25	3 1		2	♌ 29	10 3	11 55
T.	27 7 Sleepers	4 50	7 10	3 47		☽ in apo. ☌ ☌ ☽.	4 35	7 25	3 32		2	♍ 13	11 20	12 24
F.	28 Leo	4 50	7 10	☽ set		28. ♀ rises 2,3	4 36	7 24	☽ set		3	♍ 27	12 9	1 15
S.	29 *Peter, Paul*	4 50	7 10	8 31		Arctur sets	4 36	7 24	8 41		3	♎ 11	12 58	2 9
26)	**2d Sunday after Trinity. Luke 14.**						**Day's length**					**14 h. 20 m. South. States 14 h. 48 m. Middle States**		
S.	30 Lucina	4 50	7 10	9 12		☿ stationary	4 36	7 24	9 22		3	♎ 25	1 47	3 0

Jewish Festivals and Fasts.—5649.—June 5. and 6., Schebuoth. 29. and 30., Rosh Chodesh Tamus.

Moon's Phases.

	Southern States. D.	H.	M.		Middle States. D	H	M
First Quarter	6	2	41 Aftern'n	First Quarter	6	3	1 Aftern'n
Full Moon	13	8	38 Foren'n	Full Moon	13	8	58 Foren'n
Last Quarter	20	2	15 Morning	Last Quarter	20	2	35 Morning
New Moon	28	3	33 Morning	New Moon	28	3	53 Morning

CONJECTURES OF THE WEATHER.

1. 2. 3. fair, 4. 5. cloudy, 6. 7. 8. changeable, 9. 10. rain, 11. 12. 13. changeable, 14. 15. 16. fair, 17. warm, 18. 19. cloudy, 20. 21. cold, fair, 22. 23. fair, 24. 25 changeable, 26. 27. fair, 28 29. 30. cold shower.

If thou desirest to be borne with, thou must also bear with others.

but the air of "Yankee Doodle." Little did the author or his coadjutors then suppose that an hair made for the purpose of levity and ridicule should ever be marked for such destinies; in 20 years from that time our national march inspired the hearts of the heroes of Bunker Hill; and in less than 30 Lord Cornwallis and his army marched into the American line to the tune of "Yankee Doodle."

NAMES OF BATTLES.

DOUBLE NAMING OF BATTLE-FIELDS BY NORTH AND SOUTHERN SOLDIERS.

The conflict of the 14th of September, 1862, is called the battle of South Mountain at the North, and the battle of Boonsboro at the South. So many battlefields of the civil war bear double names that we can not believe the duplication has been accidental. It is the unusual which impresses. The troops of the North came mainly from cities, towns and villages, and were, therefore, impressed by some natural object near the scene of the conflict and named the battle from it. The soldiers from the South came chiefly from the country, and were therefore impressed by some artificial object near the field of action. In one section the naming has been after the handiwork of God; in the other section it has been after the handiwork of man. Thus, the first passage of arms is called the battle of Bull Run at the North — the name of a stream. At the South it takes the name of Manassas from a railroad station. The second battle on the same ground is called the second Bull Run by the North, and the second Manassas by the South. Stone's defeat is the battle of Ball's Bluff with the federals, and the battle of Leesburg with the Confederates. The battle called by Gen. Grant Pittsburg Landing a natural object, was named Shiloh, after a church, by his antagonist, Rosecrans called his first great fight with Bragg the battle o Stone river, while Bragg named it after Murfreesboro, a village. So, McClellan's battle of Chickahominy, a little river, was with Lee the battle of Cold Harbor, a tavern. The federals speak of the battle of Pea Ridge, of the Ozark range of mountains, and the Confederates all it after Eik Horn, a country inn. The union soldiers called the bloody battle three days after South mountain from the little stream, Antietam, and the Southern troops named it after the village of Sharpsburg. Many instances might be given of this double naming by the opposing forces. According to the same law of the unusual, the war-songs of a people have always been written by non-combatants. The bards who followed the banners of the feudal lords, sang of the exploits, and stimulated them and their retainers to deeds of high emprise, wore no armor and carried no swords. So, too, the impassioned orators who aroused our ancestors in 1776 with the thrilling cry, "Liberty or Death," never once put themselves in the way of a death by lead or steel, by musket-ball or bayonet stab.

JULY. Calculated for North, East, South & West. 1889

W. & D.		MONTHS, DAYS, &C.	Latitude of Southern States. SUN rises & sets. h. m.	h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	Aspects of Planets and other Miscellanies.	Latitude of Middle States. SUN rises & sets. h. m.	h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	Sig.	Moon Signs.	s.	d.	Moon south h. m.	Water Philad. h. m.
M.	1	Theobald	4 50	7 10	9 48	☉ in apogee. ♄ ☌ ☽	4 36	7 24	9 58	3	♑	10	2	35	3 49
T.	2	*Visit V. M.*	4 51	7 9	10 22	♃ south 11,25	4 37	7 23	10 32	3	♑	25	3	22	4 35
W.	3	Cornelius	4 51	7 9	10 54	♄ sets 9,24	4 37	7 23	11 4	3	♒	9	4	8	5 39
T.	4	*Independ.*	4 51	7 9	11 24	☿ gr. Hel. Lat. S.	4 37	7 23	11 34	4	♒	24	4	54	6 42
F.	5	Demetrius	4 51	7 9	morn	Regulus sets	4 37	7 23	morn	4	♓	8	5	40	7 43
S.	6	John Huss	4 52	7 8	12 10	☌. ♀ rises 11,53	4 38	7 22	12 2	4	♓	22	6	27	8 35
27)		3d Sunday after Trinity. Luke 15. Day's length {14 h. 16 m. South. States / 14 h. 44 m. Middle States}													
S.	7	Edelburga	4 52	7 8	12 47	Dog days begin	4 38	7 22	12 37	4	♈	5	7	16	9 34
M.	8	Aquila	4 52	7 8	1 14	Antares south 9,1	4 39	7 21	1 7	4	♈	19	8	8	0 33
T.	9	Zeno	4 53	7 7	1 47	♀ gr. W. W.	4 39	7 21	1 39	4	♉	2	9	5	11 32
W.	10	J. Calvin B	4 53	7 7	2 40	Spica sets 11,25	4 40	7 20	2 30	5	♉	15	10	5	12 30
T.	11	Pius	4 54	7 6	3 30	☽ in Per. ♃ ☌ ☽. ☋	4 40	7 20	3 20	5	♉	28	11	9	1 1
F.	12	Henry	4 54	7 6	☽ ris.	12. ☿ rises 3,33	4 41	7 19	☽ ris.	5	♊	11	morn		1 42
S.	13	Margareth	4 55	7 5	8 22	♃ south 10,36	4 41	7 19	8 32	5	♊	24	12	14	2 30
28)		4th Sunday after Trinity. Luke 6. Day's length {14 h. 08 m. South. States / 14 h. 36 m. Middle States}													
S.	14	Bonavent	4 56	7 4	9 7	♀ rises 1,49	4 42	7 18	9 18	5	♋	6	1	16	3 12
M.	15	Apostlesd.	4 56	7 4	9 43	Sirius rises 4,0	4 43	7 17	9 54	5	♋	18	2	15	3 55
T.	16	Hilary	4 57	7 3	10 19	♄ sets 8,47	4 43	7 17	10 27	5	♌	0	3	10	4 38
W.	17	Alexius	4 57	7 3	10 42	Wega south 10,45	4 44	7 16	10 57	5	♌	12	4	0	5 8
T.	18	Maternus	4 58	7 2	11 14	♀ gr. Hel. Lat. S.	4 45	7 15	11 25	5	♌	23	4	47	5 56
F.	19	Ruffina	4 59	7 1	11 45	19. Antares so.	4 45	7 15	11 55	6	♍	4	5	32	6 49
S.	20	Elijah	4 59	7 1	morn	♃ south 10,5	4 46	7 14	morn	6	♍	17	6	15	7 39
29)		5th Sunday after Trinity. Luke 15. Day's length {14 h. 00 m. South. States / 14 h. 26 m. Middle States}													
S.	21	Praxedes	5 0	7 0	12 27	♂ ✳ rises 12,10	4 47	7 13	12 19	6	♎	29	6	59	8 22
M.	22	Mary Mag.	5 1	6 59	12 56	Algenib south 4,7	4 48	7 12	12 49	6	♎	12	7	41	9 3
T.	23	Apolinaris	5 1	6 59	1 37	☉ enters ♌	4 49	7 11	1 27	6	♏	26	8	29	9 58
W.	24	Christiana	5 2	6 58	2 30	♀ rises 1,48	4 50	7 10	2 20	6	♏	7	9	17	10 45
T.	25	St. James	5 2	6 58	2 59	Spica sets 10,23	4 50	7 10	2 52	6	♏	21	10	5	11 37
F.	26	St. Anne	5 3	6 57	3 58	☿ ☌ ☽. ♂ ☌ ☽	4 51	7 9	3 50	6	♐	5	10	54	12 34
S.	27	Martha	5 4	6 56	☽ set	27. Wega south	4 52	7 8	☽ set	6	♐	19	11	44	1 10
30)		6th Sunday after Trinity. Matth. 5. Day's length {13 h. 52 m. South. States / 14 h. 14 m. Middle States}													
S.	28	Pantaleon	5 4	6 56	7 56	☿ in Per. ♄ ☌ ☽.	4 53	7 7	8 0	6	♐	4	12	33	2 12
M.	29	Beatrix	5 5	6 55	8 36	♄ sets 8,2	4 54	7 6	8 46	6	♑	19	1	20	3 4
T.	30	Upton	5 6	6 54	9 0	☿ gr. brilliancy	4 55	7 5	9 6	6	♑	6	2	7	3 52
W.	31	Germanus	5 7	6 53	9 30	♃ south 9,18	4 56	7 4	9 37	6	♒	17	2	53	4 39

Jewish Festivals and Fasts.—5649.—July 16., Zom Tamus. 29., Rosh Chodesh Ab.

Moon's Phases.

	Southern States. D.	H.	M.		Middle States D	H	M	
First Quarter	6	12	38	Aftern'n	6	12	58	Aftern'n
Full Moon	12	3	41	Evening	12	4	1	Evening
Last Quarter	19	2	24	Evening	19	2	44	Evening
New Moon	27	6	52	Evening	27	7	12	Evening

UNCLE SAM'S ALMANAC.

CONJECTURES OF THE WEATHER.

1. 2. fair, 3. 4. 5. warm, 6. 7. 8. fair, 9. 10. rain shower, 11. 12. 13. fair, warmest days, 14. 15. cloudy, 16. 17. rain, 18. 19. changeable, 20. 21. 22 clear, 23. 24. 25. fair, 26. rain showers, 27. 28 fair, 29. 30. cloudy, 31. warm.

Work to day, for you know not how much you may be hindered to morrow.

JOHN BROWN'S GRAVE.

THE STORY OF THE OLD FARM AND THE LAST RESTING-PLACE TOLD BY KATE FIELD.

In the "World" appeared a communication calling attention to John Brown's grave in the Adirondacks, complaining of its "gross neglect" by "an association of old Abolitionists" who "have apparently forgotten John Brown's existence," and appealing to the public for "the erection of a monument during the present season." As an owner of John Brown's farm, at North Elba, I protest against any such appeal. One story is good until another is told. Some years ago, when camping out in the Adirondacks, I made a pilgrimage to John Brown's grave and learned that the barren farm of 244 Acres was for sale. The homestead of "the gamest man Governor Wise ever knew" and the burial-place of a hero possessed singular interest for me. The price of the farm was $2,000, more than I could afford to pay. On returning to Boston I appealed to "old Abolitionists," who, according to your correspondent, own the property, but pleaded in vain. Mrs. Robert C. Waterson and myself were the only subscribers to the fund. Not to be defeated, I wrote to Mr. Isaac H. Bailey, of New York. On receipt of my letter this gentleman put on his hat, went into the street and in fifteen minutes raised $1,800 in eighteen subscriptions, among the generous donors being Henry Clews, H. B. Clafin. John R. Williams, George Cabot Ward, Isaac H. Bailey, Sinclair Tousy, etc. Thus was John Brown's grave rescued from the auctioneer's hammer. The farm house has been let for a small sum, and when Southern negroes emigrated to the West the amount of money accumulated from rents was given to John Brown, jr., to help the negroes in their exodus. I, for one, have never forgotten John Brown's grave, and if I have not visited the farm since its purchase it is because of inability. As for "gross neglect" there can be none, because John Brown was buried by his own request at the foot of a huge bowlder, upon which his name is inscribed. What more fitting monument for so grim and sturdy a soul? Your correspondent would have an "iron monument" substituted for John Brown's grand old bowlder! "Angels and ministers of grace defend us!" Never, with my consent, will any such insult be offered to John Brown's memory. I presume, as the farm is private property, its owners may say what shall and what shall not be bone with it. The best way to show John Brown respect is not to spend money on a hideous "iron monument" but to help the negroes to help themselves. I believe several millions are still unable to read and write. It has long been my desire that John Brown's farm should be the center and nucleus of a great Adirondack park. I hope that time is not far distant.

HOW JACKSON ENTERTAINED. President Jackson's table manners were as desired. He had at each plate two forks, one of which was of silver and the other of steel. The president used a steel fork

AUGUST. Calculated for North, East, South & West. 1889

W. & D.	MONTHS, DAYS, &C.	Latitude of Southern States. SUN rises & sets. h. m. h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	Aspects of Planets and other Miscellanies.	Latitude of Middle States. SUN rises & sets. h. m. h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	D. of Sign	Moon Signs. s. d.	Moon south h. m.	Water tidal h. m.
T.	1 *Lammas d.*	5 7	6 53	9 58	Wega south 9,46 ♑	4 57	7 3	10 4	6	♌	4	3 8	5 19
F.	2 Stephen	5 8	6 52	10 34	Spica sets 9,41	4 58	7 2	10 40	6	♌	18	4 24	6 5
S.	3 Augustus	5 9	6 51	10 58	♀ rises 1,39	4 59	7 1	11 2	6	♍	2	5 11	6 53
31)	7th Sunday after Trinity. Mark. 8.	Day's length						13 h. 40 m. South. States 14 h. 02 m. Middle States					
S.	4 Dominick	5 10	6 50	11 30	4. Altair south	5 0	7 0	11 36	5	♍	16	6 20	7 4
M.	5 Oswald	5 11	6 49	morn	☽ south 8,57	5 1	6 59	morn	5	♍	29	7 46	8 3
T.	6 An. of Chr.	5 12	6 48	12 32	Markab south 3,4	5 2	6 58	12 29	5	♎	12	8 51	9 2
W.	7 Godfrey	5 13	6 47	1 47	☿ ☌ ☉. Superior	5 3	6 57	1 37	5	♎	25	9 54	10 2
T.	8 Emily	5 14	6 46	2 51	♄ sets 7.25	5 4	6 56	2 41	5	♏	8	10 57	11 22
F.	9 Ericus	5 15	6 45	3 59	Orion rises 2,5	5 5	6 55	3 51	5	♏	20	11 57	12 21
S.	10 Titus	5 16	6 44	☽ ris.	10 ☿ sets 1,15	5 6	6 54	☽ ris.	5	♐	2	morn	1 35
32)	8th Sunday after Trinity. Matth. 7.	Day's length						13 h. 26 m. South. States 13 h. 46 m. Middle States					
S.	11 St. Lawr.	5 17	6 43	7 40	Formal south 1,26	5 7	6 53	7 50	5	♐	14	12 54	2 18
M.	12 Clara	5 18	6 42	8 12	♀ rises 1,49	5 9	6 51	8 18	4	♐	16	1 47	2 55
T.	13 Hildebert	5 19	6 41	8 40	Arctur rises 11,41	5 10	6 50	8 50	4	♑	8	2 37	3 37
W.	14 Eusebia	5 19	6 41	9 10	♂ rises 3,46 ♍	5 11	6 49	9 17	4	♑	20	3 24	4 15
T.	15 *Asc. V. M.*	5 20	6 40	9 30	Spica sets 9,2	5 12	6 48	9 37	4	♒	2	4 9	4 53
F.	16 Rochus	5 21	6 39	10 10	7 ✱ rises 10,28	5 13	6 47	10 18	4	♒	14	4 54	5 28
S.	17 Bertram	5 22	6 38	10 43	☿ sets 12,45	5 14	6 46	10 54	4	♓	26	5 39	6 41
33)	9 h Sunday after Trinity. Luke 16.	Day's length						13 h. 14 m. South. States 13 h. 30 m. Middle States					
S.	18 Agapetus	5 23	6 37	11 18	18. Sirius sets	5 15	6 45	11 24	3	♈	8	6 25	7 6
M.	19 Sebaldus	5 24	6 36	11 48	Dog days end.	5 17	6 43	11 54	3	♈	20	7 11	8 2
T.	20 Bernard	5 25	6 35	morn	♀ rises 1,57	5 18	6 42	morn	3	♉	3	8 0	9 2
W.	21 Rebecca	5 26	6 34	12 29	Arctur sets 11,57	5 19	6 41	12 22	3	♉	16	8 44	9 47
T.	22 Philibert	5 27	6 32	1 19	Librae sets 10,33	5 20	6 40	1 12	2	♊	29	9 38	10 37
F.	23 Zacheus	5 28	6 33	1 46	☉ enters ♏	5 21	6 39	1 37	2	♊	13	10 27	11 17
S.	24 St. Barth.	5 29	6 31	2 36	☿ stationary	5 22	6 38	2 29	2	♋	27	11 16	11 49
34)	10th Sunday after Trinity. Luke 19.	Day's length						13 h. 00 m. South. States 13 h. 12 m. Middle States					
S.	25 Ludovicus	5 30	6 30	3 54	Capella rises 1,1	5 24	6 36	3 47	2	♋	12	11 54	12 34
M.	26 Samuel	5 31	6 29	☽ set	26. Spica sets	5 25	6 35	☽ set	1	♌	27	12 33	1 23
T.	27 Gebhard	5 32	6 28	7 48	♆ ☐ ☉. ☿ ☌ ☽	5 26	6 34	7 52	1	♌	12	1 11	2 13
W.	28 St. August	5 33	6 27	8 18	7 ✱ rises 9,44	5 28	6 32	8 22	1	♍	27	1 39	2 54
T.	29 *St. John B.*	5 34	6 26	8 48	♀ rises 2,9 ♎	5 29	6 31	8 52	0	♍	12	2 28	3 41
F.	30 Benjamin	5 35	6 25	9 4	Altair south 9,10	5 30	6 30	9 8	0	♎	27	3 9	4 26
S.	31 Paulina	5 36	6 24	9 35	☿ in ♍. ☿ sets 11,57	5 31	6 29	9 40	0	♏	12	3 58	5 40

Jewish Festivals and Fasts.—5649.—August 6., Tischo beab. 10., Schaboth Nachmu 12., Chamischo Osor. 27. and 28., Rosh Chodesh Elul.

Moon's Phases.

	Southern States. D.	H.	M.		Middle States D	H	M.
First Quarter	4	8	6 Foren'n	First Quarter	4	8	26 Aftern'n
Full Moon	10	11	22 Evening	Full Moon	10	11	42 Evening
Last Quarter	18	5	31 Morning	Last Quarter	18	5	51 Morning
New Moon	26	8	40 Morning	New Moon	26	9	00 Morning

UNCLE SAM'S ALMANAC.

CONJECTURES OF THE WEATHER.

1. thunder storm, 2. 3. fair, 4. 5. changeable, 6. 7. 8. fair, 9. 10. clear, 11. 12. 13. cloudy, rain, 14. 15. 16. fair, 17. 18. rain, 19. 20. clear, 21. 22. fair, 23. 24. 25. rain, 26 changeable, 27. 28. 29. fair, 30. 31. rain,

A wise man should have money in his head, but not in his heart.

himself, and after his dinner he always smoked his tobacco from a long-handled corncob pipe. Andrew Jackson entertained lavishly on the night of his first inauguration. The carpets of the east room were ruined by the orange punch and lemonade which were served to the crowd which came to his reception. Barrels of this punch were made and it was brought into the room in buckets. At last the people began to rush for the waiters as soon as they entered the room. Glasses were broken and ladies' dresses ruined. Tubs of punch were taken into the garden, and in this way the throng was drawn off, and it was possible to serve cake and wine to the ladies. At Jackson's farewell reception a monster cheese, as big as a hogshead in circumference and nearly a yard thick, was cut with sawblades made into knives and served out to the guests. Each guest received three pounds of cheese. The event was the talk of the nation, and when Van Buren became President his New York friends, emulative of Jackson, sent him a big cheese. It was cut up in the eastroom. The greasy crumbs falling upon the carpet were trampled into it, and the ruination of the furniture during these two administrations led the later Presidents to discontinue the practice of serving eatables at general receptions. Now no guests come to dinner at the White House unless invited. In Van Buren's day, Bacourt, in his "Souvenirs d'un Diplomat," says that the President's cook told his valet that for several months preceding the election of 1840 many persons arrived at the White House for breakfast or dinner and threatened to vote against Van Buren if they were not entertained. The cook stated that he had all the trouble possible in satisfying them, and they often returned what he sent up, doing so on the pretext that it was uneatable, and ordered something e'se.

TTICK OF GRAND ARMY MEN. Of all the Yankee tricks ever heard of during my twenty years' experience behind a hotel desk, where one is likely to learn all about human invention, there is none that will compare with one devised and successfully played by several members of an eastern delegation to the lateGrand Army encampment. The hotel was crowded and five or six of the New Hampshire boys were compelled to occupy one room. The department commander was one of the party, and a gay fellow he was. He and one other of the party used to go out and spend their evenings, leaving the others to go to bed early.

The first night or two the boys had a picket out to see what time the commander got home. Then they dropped on a new plan of timing him. They got a candle and burning it an hour found out exactly how far it burned down. Then they marked it by hours and went to sleep leaving the candle burning. When the commander got home he extinguished the light and retired. The next morning he was surprised to find that every man about the headquarters knew when he arrived home the night before. The candle trick was explained, and the commander enjoyed it hugely.

SEPTEMBER. Calculated for North, East, South & West. 1889

W. & D.	MONTHS, DAYS, &C.	Latitude of Southern States. SUN rises & sets.	MOON r. & s.	Aspects of Planets and other Miscellanies.	Latitude of Middle States. SUN rises & sets.	MOON r. & s.	S. Fast	Moon Signs.	Moon south	Sun Water Pallad.
		h. m. h. m.	h. m.		h. m. h. m.	h. m.		s. d.	h. m.	h. m.
35)	**11th Sunday after Trinity. Luke 18. Day's length**				{ 12 h. 46 m. South. States 12 h. 56 m. Middle States					
S.	1 Egidius	5 37 6 23	10 8	♂ rises 3.34	5 32 6 28	10 13	0	♌	26	4 49 6 53
M.	2 Eliza	5 38 6 22	10 53	2. Spica sets	5 33 6 27	10 58	0	♍	9	5 44 7 43
T.	3 Mansuetus	5 40 6 20	11 47	☿ sets 11,40	5 35 6 25	11 52	0	♎	22	6 42 8 35
W.	4 Moses	5 42 6 18	morn	Achernai south	5 36 6 24	morn	1	♏	5	7 42 9 26
T.	5 Nathaniel	5 43 6 17	12 55	♀ rises 2,25	5 37 6 23	12 49	1	♐	17	8 43 10 17
F.	6 Magnus	5 44 6 16	2 3	Neptune stationary	5 39 6 21	1 58	1	♑	29	9 43 11 10
S.	7 Regina	5 45 6 15	3 4	Rigel rises 11.32	5 40 6 20	2 59	2	♒	11	10 46 11 57
36)	**12th Sunday after Trinity. Mark 7**				**Day's length** { 12 h. 38 m. South. States 12 h. 38 m. Middle States					
S.	8 *N. of V. M.*	5 46 6 14	4 14	♂ rises 3,28	5 41 6 19	4 10	2	♓	23	11 40 12 22
M.	9 Bruno	5 47 6 13	☽ ris.	9. Sirius rises	5 43 6 17	☽ ris.	2	♈	5	morn 1 10
T.	10 Pulcheria	5 48 6 12	7 21	☿ in Aphelion	5 44 6 16	7 25	3	♉	17	12 25 1 57
W.	11 Protus	5 50 6 10	7 45	♃ sets 11,9	5 45 6 15	7 50	3	♊	29	1 14 2 40
T.	12 Gottlieb	5 51 6 9	8 15	Algenib south 12,42	5 47 6 13	8 20	3	♋	11	2 0 3 25
F.	13 Amatus	5 52 6 8	8 41	♀ rises 2,34	5 48 6 12	8 46	4	♌	23	2 46 4 10
S.	14 El. H. Crs.	5 53 6 7	9 15	Altair south 8,13	5 49 6 11	9 19	4	♍	5	3 33 4 50
37)	**13th Sunday after Trinity. Luke 10. Day's length**				{ 12 h. 12 m. South. States 12 h. 20 m. Middle States					
S.	15 Nicetas	5 54 6 6	9 51	Ψ ☌ ☽. ♂ rises 3,25	5 50 6 10	9 55	4	♎	17	4 18 5 34
M.	16 Euphemia	5 55 6 5	10 33	16. Antar. sets	5 52 6 8	10 35	5	♏	9	5 4 6 23
T.	17 Lampertus	5 56 6 4	11 2	Sirius rises 1,57	5 53 6 7	11 28	5	♐	12	5 52 7 18
W.	18 *Emberday*	5 57 6 3	morn	♃ sets 10,42	5 54 6 6	morn	6	♑	25	6 41 8 7
T.	19 Pomposa	5 58 6 2	12 24	Librae sets 9,2	5 56 6 4	12 22	6	♒	8	7 31 9 3
F.	20 Renatus	5 58 6 2	1 24	☿ gr. W. East	5 57 6 3	1 23	6	♓	22	8 20 9 47
S.	21 St. Matth.	5 59 6 1	2 31	☿ ☌ ☽. ♀ rises 2,51	5 58 6 2	2 30	7	♈	6	9 9 10 40
38)	**14th Sunday after Trinity. Luke 17. Day's length**				{ 11 h. 00 m. South. States 12 h. 00 m. Middle States					
S.	22 Maurice	6 0 6 0	3 39	☉ enters ♎	6 0 6 0	3 39	7	♉	20	9 57 11 40
M.	23 Hosea	6 1 5 59	4 51	Autumn commences	6 1 5 59	4 51	7	♊	6	10 44 12 43
T.	24 St. John C.	6 2 5 58	☽ set	24. Arietis so.	6 2 5 58	☽ set	8	♋	20	11 31 1 23
W.	25 Cleophas	6 3 5 57	6 48	♀ ☌ ☽. ♅ ☌ ☽	6 3 5 57	6 48	8	♌	6	12 17 2 9
T.	26 Justina	6 4 5 56	7 26	Rigel rises 10,26	6 4 5 56	7 26	8	♍	21	1 5 2 54
F.	27 Cosmus	6 5 5 55	7 59	♃ sets 10,9	6 6 5 54	7 59	9	♎	6	1 54 3 38
S.	28 Wencesl.	6 6 5 54	8 38	♀ rises 3,8	6 7 5 53	8 37	9	♏	21	2 45 4 23
39)	**15th Sunday after Trinity. Matth. 6. Day's length**				{ 11 h. 46 m. South. States 11 h. 44 m. Middle States					
S.	29 St. Michael	6 7 5 53	9 19	♄ rises 2,51	6 8 5 52	9 17	9	♐	5	3 47 5 8
M.	30 Jerome	6 8 5 52	10 10	☿ gr. Hel. Lat. S.	6 10 5 50	10 7	10	♑	18	4 37 6 0

Jewish Festivals and Fasts.—5649.—Sept. 22, Maschkimim Lislichos. 26. and 27., Rosh Haschonoh. 5650. 28., Schaboth Teschuvoh. 29., Zom Gedaljah.

Moon's Phases.

	Southern States. D	H.	M.		Middle States D	H	M.
First Quarter	2	2	14 Aftern'n	First Quarter	2	2	34 Aftern'n
Full Moon	9	8	32 Foren'n	Full Moon	9	8	52 Foren'n
Last Quarter	16	11	28 Evening	Last Quarter	16	11	48 Evening
New Moon	24	9	21 Evening	New Moon	24	9	41 Evening

CONJECTURES OF THE WEATHER.

1. clear, 2. changeable, 3. 4. 5. fair, 6. 7. 8. clear, 9. 10. 11. changeable, 12. 13. 14. rain, 15. 16. 17. fair. 18. 19. cloudy, 20. 21. 22. clear, 23. 24. 25. rain, stormy, 26. 27. 28. changeable, 29. 30. fair.

All who joy would win must share it. Happiness was born a twin.

OUR FRIEND COLUMBUS.

BARCELONA AND THE DISCOVERER OF AMERICA.

On a certain night, the 400th anniversary of which will roll around Oct. 11, 1892, a little fleet of vessels, under command of Christopher Columbus, was approaching the coast of America. That day one of the vessels had picked up a branch of thorn, with red berries on it. At 10 p. m. Columbus, while seated on the deck of his vessel, thought he saw a light. He called to Pedro Gutierrez, who also saw it; but Rodriguez Sanchez, who looked for it, saw it not. No one slept that night. At 2 o'clock in the morning —Oct. 12.—the sound of a gun was heard on the face of the waters. It came from the Pinta, and was a signal that land had been found. It was more. It was the signal for the beginning of centuries of struggle with races of people whose types were a novelty to Europeans. It was the death signal to Peruvians, Aztecs, and the savages of North America. It announced new governments. Oceans covered with sails, and afterward with steamers. It was the signal for the beginning of many new nations, one of which is second in wealth and power to none in the world to-day.

Already the matter of celebrating the coming quadru-centennial of Columbus' landing is beginning to attract attention. Nearly four years remain in which to make arrangements for it. But as the whole world is interested — at least all Europe and America — perhaps the time is not too long. As seems fitting, the first voice in the matter comes from that people whose ancestors fitted out the expedition which resulted in the discovery, and from the legislative halls of the most numerous and powerful nation of the new continent.

Don Emelio Castalar, a distinguished Spanish statesman, proposes that all the nations of the earth unite — that the initiative take place at Genoa, the birth place of Columbus — Spain, Portugal, Italy, France, England and the United States participating; that each of these nations send a vessel to Palos in Grenada, where, after celebrating the anniversary of the sailing of the Spanish expedition on the 3d of August, the international fleet shall sail for the Island of San Salvador, stopping at the canary islands. By this plan a series of celebrations, at the different points of Columbus' journey may be inaugurated, which can be supplemented by local observances all over the world.

In the halls of congress a committee of five senators and five representatives has already been suggested to take action, with a view to commemorate the event by an international exhibition of the industries and products of all nations. The committee on library, to which the question of this committee of senators and representatives was referred, has reported favorably, and whatever other methods of celebration the United States may take part in with other nations, it is probable that the matter of this international exhibition will be pushed forward by the government.

OCTOBER. Calculated for North, East, South & West. 1889

W. & D.	MONTHS, DAYS, &C.	Latitude of Southern States. SUN rises & sets. h. m.	h. m.	MOON r. & s. h.	m.	Aspects of Planets and other Miscellanies.	Latitude of Middle States. SUN rises & sets. h. m.	h. m.	MOON r. & s. h.	m.	Full	Moon Signs. s.	d.	Moon south h.	m	Water Philad. h.	m.
T.	1 Remigius	6 9	5 51	11	0	1. ☽ in Per. ☋	6 11	5 49	11	2	10	♌	1	5	36	6	47
W.	2 C. Columb.	6 10	5 50	morn		♂ rises 3,13	6 12	5 48	morn	1	0	♌	14	6	36	7	27
T.	3 Jairus	6 11	5 49	12	7	☿ stationary	6 13	5 47	12	10	11	♌	26	7	35	8	13
F.	4 Francis	6 12	5 48	1	14	♃ sets 9,45	6 15	5 45	1	17	11	♍	8	8	32	9	12
S.	5 Placidus	6 14	5 46	2	24	♀ rises 3,23	6 16	5 44	2	27	11	♍	20	9	26	10	8
40)	16th Sunday after Trinity. Luke 7. Day's length { 11 h. 30 m. South. States 11 h. 26 m. Middle States																
S.	6 Fides	6 15	5 45	3	30	♄ rises 2,26	6 17	5 43	3	34	11	♎	2	10	17	11	22
M.	7 Amelia	6 16	5 44	4	44	♂ gr. Hel. Lat N	6 19	5 41	4	47	1	♎	14	11	17	12	35
T.	8 Pelagius	6 17	5 43	☽ ris.		8. Antares sets	6 20	5 40	☽ ris.		12	♎	26	morn		1	30
W.	9 Dionysius	6 18	5 42	6	45	♂ rises 3,5	6 21	5 39	6	41	12	♏	8	12	37	2	13
T.	10 Gereon	6 19	5 41	7	16	Markab south 9,55	6 22	5 38	7	12	13	♏	20	1	23	2	53
F.	11 Burkhart	6 20	5 40	7	46	♀ rises 3,35	6 24	5 36	7	43	13	♐	2	2	9	3	32
S.	12 Veritas	6 21	5 39	8	32	Andromeda south	6 25	5 35	8	19	13	♐	14	2	56	4	10
41)	17th Sunday after Trinity. Luke 14. Day's length { 11 h. 14 m. South. States 11 h. 08 m. Middle States																
S.	13 Coloman	6 23	5 37	8	59	♃ sets 9,15	6 26	5 34	8	56	13	♐	26	3	45	4	48
M.	14 Fortuna	6 24	5 36	9	40	Sirius rises 12,19	6 28	5 32	9	37	14	♑	9	4	23	5	28
T.	15 Hedwick	6 25	5 35	10	32	☿ ♂ ☉. Infer.	6 29	5 31	10	27	14	♑	21	5	2	6	10
W.	16 Gallus	6 26	5 34	11	34	16. ♀ in Per.	6 30	5 30	11	27	14	♒	5	6	12	6	49
T.	17 Florentine	6 27	5 33	morn		♄ sets 1,48	6 31	5 29	morn		14	♒	18	7	0	7	38
F.	18 St. Luke	6 28	5 32	12	18	Formal south 9,20	6 32	5 28	12	22	14	♓	2	7	48	8	32
S.	19 Ptolomy	6 29	5 31	1	23	♄ ♂ ☽. ☿ in ♎.	6 34	5 26	1	27	15	♓	15	8	35	9	22
42)	18th Sunday after Trinity. Matth. 22. Day's length { 11 h. 00 m. South. States 10 h. 50 m. Middle States																
S.	20 Felicianus	6 30	5 30	2	32	♂ rises 2,56	6 35	5 24	2	34	15	♈	9	9	22	10	13
M.	21 Ursula	6 31	5 29	3	35	♀ ♂ ☽. ♀ rises 3,41	6 36	5 24	3	39	15	♉	14	10	8	10	53
T.	22 Cordula	6 32	5 28	4	38	Antares south 6,51	6 38	5 22	4	42	15	♉	29	10	55	11	49
W.	23 Severinus	6 33	5 27	5	48	☉ enters ♏	6 39	5 21	5	52	15	♊	14	11	45	12	37
T.	24 Salome	6 34	5 26	☽ set		24. ☿ in Per.	6 40	5 20	☽ set		15	♊	29	12	36	1	8
F.	25 Crispin	6 35	5 25	6	48	♃ sets 8,37	6 41	5 19	6	42	15	♋	14	1	31	1	52
S.	26 Amandus	6 36	5 24	7	26	Rigel rises 9,32	6 42	5 18	7	19	15	♋	29	2	29	2	28
43)	19th Sunday after Trinity. Matth. 9. Day's length { 10 h. 46 m. South. States 10 h. 34 m. Middle States																
S.	27 Sabina	6 37	5 23	8	14	☽ in Per. 7 ✱ south	6 43	5 17	8	6	16	♌	13	3	17	3	27
M.	28 Sim. Jud.	6 38	5 22	9	10	♃ ♂ ☽. ♄ rises 1,9	6 45	5 15	9	3	16	♌	26	3	57	4	20
T.	29 H. Zwingli	6 39	5 21	10	15	Capella south 2,38	6 46	5 14	10	5	16	♍	9	4	31	5	17
W.	30 Serapion	6 40	5 20	11	14	♀ rises 4,17	6 47	5 13	11	8	16	♍	22	5	31	6	3
T.	31 *Hall. Eve.*	6 41	5 19	morn		☽31. ☿ gr. W. W.	6 48	5 12	morn		16	♎	5	6	28	6	58

Jewish Festivals and Fasts.—5650.—October 5., Yom Kippur. 10. and 11., The First days of Suckoth. 12., Chol Hamoeid. 16., Hoschano Rabo. 17., Schemini Azereth. 18., Simchoth Torah. 25. and 26., Rosh Chodesh Marcheschwan.

Moon's Phases.

Southern States.	D	H.	M.	Middle States	D	H	M
First Quarter	1	8	33 Evening	First Quarter	1	8	33 Evening
Full Moon	8	8	5 Evening	Full Moon	8	8	25 Evening
Last Quarter	16	7	17 Evening	Last Quarter	16	7	37 Evening
New Moon	24	9	5 Morning	New Moon	24	9	25 Morning
First Quarter	31	3	1 Morning	First Quarter	31	3	30 Morning

UNCLE SAM'S ALMANAC.

CONJECTURES OF THE WEATHER.

1. 2. rain, 3. fair, 4. 5. clear, 6. 7. cloudy, 8. 9. 10. rain, 11. 12. 13. fair, 14. cloudy, 15. 16. fair, 17. 18. changeable, 19. 20. stormy, rain, 21. 22. fair, 23 24. 25 26. mild, 27. 28. 29. clear, 30. 31. rain showers.

Imprudence is the messenger sent to invite disease, poverty and other evils.

While the world is about commencing preparations to commemorate the discovery of America by Columbus, a new statue has been set up in Boston to one of the alleged discoverers of a period dating back more than four centuries before Columbus was born. Leif Erickson, it is claimed, following up the report of one who had been blown near the coast of Greenland, but who had not landed, sailed with a crew of thirty-five men and reached the country soon after, about the year A. D. 1000. These earlier discoveries, however, are involved in obscurity; and while it is not improbable that vessels at various times had been blown so far westward as to have seen the land before Columbus, no advantage was ever taken of the discovery, and the records, if any, are extremely doubtful.

The work of the Spaniard, at any rate, differed from any former discoverer, real or traditionary. He reported what he had found to a powerful court. Expedition after expedition, settlement after settlement and conquest after conquest took place. Numerous Spanish colonies sprang up in South and Central America, now independent republics. At St. Augustine the Spaniards, at Jamestown the English, and at New York the Dutch planted themselves, the latter to found the great metropolis of the new world.

THE DOLLAR OF 1804. But three dollars of the coinage of 1804 are known to be in existence. Two are accounted for, and the other one is missing. The value of the missing coin, according to the last numismatic circular, is $800. So valuable a coin cannot remain long out of existence, and it is turning up in several adjacent towns. One was recently received here, but not genuine A stranger arrived in town, put up at a leading hotel, and, after a few days visit, got hard up. He had the missing dollar of 1804, and was willing to part with it at a sacrifice. A merchant gave him $100 for it, and then sent it to the Treasury Department at Washington. The officials there discovered what the purchaser hadn't—that the dollar had been coined in 1801 and the date altered.

THE YEAR 1889. The year 1889, which comprises the latter part of the 113th and the beginning of the 114th year of American independence, corresponds to the year 6602 of the Julian period, to 7399–98 of the Byzantine era, the year 7398 commencing Sept. 1; to 5649–50 of the Jewish era; the year 5650 commencing Sept. 25, at sunset; to 2642 since the foundation of Rome, according to Varro; to 2636 since the beginning of the era of Nabonassar, which has been assigned to Wednesday, Feb. 26, of the 3967th year of the Julian period, and in the notation of astronomers to the 764th year before the birth of Christ; to the 2665th of the Olympiads; to 2201 of the Grecian era, or era of the Seleucidæ; to 1605 of the era of Diocletian; to 2549 of the Japanese era, and to the 225th year of the period entitled "Meiji." The year 1307 of the Mohammedan era, or the Hegira, begins on Aug. 28, 1889, and the first day of Jan. 1889, is the 2,411,004th day since the commencement of the Julian period.

NOVEMBER. Calculated for North, East, South & West. 188

W. & D.	MONTHS, DAYS, &c.	Latitude of Southern States. SUN rises & sets. h. m. h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	Aspects of Planets and other Miscellanies.	Latitude of Middle States. SUN rises & sets. h. m. h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	D. fa.	Moon Signs. s. d.	Moon south h. m.	Water Philad. h. m.
F.	1 *All Saints*	6 42 5 18	12 40	♃ sets 8,15 ☋	6 50 5 10	12 44	16	♍	17 7 22	7 58
S.	2 *All Souls*	6 43 5 17	1 40	☿ gr. brilliancy	6 51 5 9	1 45	16	♍	29 8 13	8 49
44)	**20th Sunday after Trinity. Matth. 22. Day's length**								**10 h. 32 m. South. States 10 h. 16 m. Middle States**	
S.	3 Theophil.	6 44 5 16	2 18	☿ gr. Hel. Lat. N.	6 52 5 8	2 26	16	♎	11 9 1	9 48
M.	4 Charlotte	6 45 5 15	3 39	♂ rises 2,42 ♉	6 53 5 7	3 47	16	♎	23 9 47	10 49
T.	5 Malachi	6 45 5 15	4 49	♄ rises 12,46	6 54 5 6	4 48	16	♏	5 10 32	11 53
W.	6 Leonard	6 46 5 14	5 41	7 ✶ south 12,11	6 56 5 4	5 49	16	♏	16 11 17	0 18
T.	7 Engelbert	6 47 5 13	☽ ris.	7. ♀ gr. Hel.	6 58 5 2	☽ ris.	16	♏	28 morn	1 3
F.	8 Cecilia	6 48 5 12	5 59	♀ rises 4,36	7 0 5 0	5 58	16	♐	11 12 49	1 49
S.	9 Theodora	6 49 5 11	6 58	Orion rises 8,24	7 1 4 59	6 46	16	♐	23 1 37	2 24
45)	**21st Sunday after Trinity. John 4. Day's length**								**10 h. 0 m. South. States 9 h. 56 m. Middle States**	
S.	10 M. Luther	6 50 5 10	7 45	Regulus rises 12,14	7 2 4 58	7 35	15	♐	6 2 26	3 30
M.	11 Martin, B.	6 51 5 9	8 20	♂ in Aphelion	7 3 4 57	8 14	15	♑	19 3 15	4 6
T.	12 Jonas	6 52 5 8	9 18	Altair sets 11,4 ♓	7 4 4 56	9 11	15	♑	2 4 5	4 54
W.	13 Winebert	6 53 5 7	10 12	♂ rises 2,27	7 5 4 55	10 4	15	♑	16 4 53	5 42
T.	14 Levin	6 54 5 6	11 10	Andromeda south	7 6 4 54	11 2	15	♒	28 5 41	6 40
F.	15 Leopold	6 54 5 6	morn	15. ♃ sets 7,32	7 7 4 53	morn	15	♒	2 6 27	7 36
S.	16 Ottomar	6 55 5 5	12 25	♄ ☌ ☽. ♄ rises	7 8 4 52	12 29	15	♒	26 7 13	8 20
46)	**22d Sunday after Trinity. Matth. 18. Day's length**								**10 h. 8 m. South. States 9 h. 42 m. Middle States**	
S.	17 Alphæus	6 56 5 4	1 26	Regulus rises 11,45	7 9 4 51	1 32	14	♒	10 7 58	9 13
M.	18 Gelasius	6 57 5 3	2 30	♂ ☌ ☽. ♂ rises 2,18	7 10 4 50	2 37	14	♓	24 8 44	9 57
T.	19 Elizabeth	6 57 5 3	3 31	Rigel rises 6,59 ♌	7 11 4 49	3 38	14	♓	9 9 31	10 37
W.	20 Amos	6 58 5 2	4 32	☿ ☌ ☽. ♀ rises 5,4	7 12 4 48	4 40	14	♈	24 10 22	11 33
T.	21 *Off. V. Mar*	6 59 5 1	5 31	☿ ☌ ☽. Altair sets	7 12 4 48	5 42	13	♈	9 11 16	12 29
F.	22 Alphonsus	7 0 5 0	☽ set	☉ enters ♐	7 13 4 47	☽ set	13	♈	23 12 13	1 16
S.	23 Clement	7 1 4 49	6 10	♃ sets 6,57	7 14 4 46	5 48	13	♉	7 12 45	2 24
47)	**23d Sunday after Trinity. Matth. 22. Day's length**								**9 h. 38 m. South. States 9 h. 30 m. Middle States**	
S.	24 Chrysogen	7 1 4 49	6 54	☽ in Perihelion ☋	7 15 4 45	6 41	13	♉	21 1 18	3 34
M.	25 Catharine	7 2 4 48	7 51	♃ ☌ ☽. ♄ □ ☉.	7 16 4 44	7 41	12	♉	4 2 20	4 30
T.	26 Conrad	7 2 4 48	8 49	Rigel rises 6,29	7 17 4 43	8 39	12	♊	17 3 21	5 28
W.	27 Jehosoph.	7 3 4 47	9 47	☿ in ♐. ♄ rises 11,21	7 17 4 43	9 37	12	♋	0 4 22	6 20
T.	28 Guntherus	7 3 4 47	10 47	Formal south 6,31	7 17 4 43	10 35	11	♋	13 5 18	6 50
F.	29 Saturn	7 3 4 47	11 44	29. 7 ✶ south	7 18 4 42	11 33	11	♋	25 6 11	7 24
S.	30 St. Andrew	7 4 4 46	morn	♀ rises 5,26	7 18 4 42	morn	11	♌	7 7 0	8 3

Jewish Festivals and Fasts.—5650 —21. November, Rosh Chodesh Kislev.

Moon's Phases.

Southern States.	D.	H.	M.	Middle States.	D.	H.	M.
Full Moon	7	10	45 Morning	Full Moon	7	11	5 Morning
Last Quarter	15	3	15 Morning	Last Quarter	15	3	35 Morning
New Moon	22	8	2 Evening	New Moon	22	8	48 Evening
First Quarter	29	12	8 Aftern'n	First Quarter	29	12	28 Aftern'n

UNCLE SAM'S ALMANAC.

CONJECTURES OF THE WEATHER.

1. 2. 3. clear, 4. 5. cold, 6. 7. 8. showers, 9. 10. cloudy, 11. 12. 13 fair, 14. 15. clear, cold, 16. 17. 18. rain, 19. 20. 21. fair, 22. 23. rain, 24. 25. 26. clear, 27. 28. 29. cold, changeable, 30. cloudy.

Life, however short, is made still shorter by waste of time.

ANECDOTES OF BUTLER.

HIS FOUR HUNDRED DOLLAR BANQUET —THE IRISHMAN AND THE MONKEY.

I heard recently the first true version of the monkey and hand organ story which has been privately told in army circles here now and then, but not always correctly. It comes to me from a high treasury official who had something to do with the settlement of Gen. Butler's army accoun s. These accounts were very large and some of the items seemed out of all proportion to the expenses probably incurred. After Butler had, however, explained them it was seen that they were perfectly right and proper. There were so many of these strange items that Butler was called to the treasury to look over the accounts with the officials. One New Orleans item objected to was: "Banquet, postoffice to St. Charles hotel, $400."

"Now," said the treasurer, "it's all right, Gen. Butler, to give as many banquets as you please, but I don't see how, in justice, you could ask Uncle Sam to pay $400 for a supper which you choose to give to the postmaster at New Orleans at the St. Charles hotel there."

"Oh," said Gen. Butler wite a laugh, "that item is easily explained. Banquet is the New Orleans name for street, and that $400 was spent for fixing the street between the postoffice and the St. Charles hotel."

After the laughter over this item had subsided, the treasury official said: "Well, Gen. Butler, I have no doubt these accounts are all right, and if you will explain satisfactorily one other item I will pass them. Here is a charge of $50 for a hand organ and a monkey. Now what possible use a hand organ and a monkey would be to the United States government, or to you as its general, I cannot see."

Gen. Butler then told the following: "I can also explain that hand organ and monkey item. It was the hottest time of my campaigne about Baltimore. The rebels were very close mouthed, and I could get no inside news of the doings of the rebels. One day I saw a great crowd gathering round a man with a hand organ who had a very large monkey. As I drew nearer I noticed the man playing the organ looked very much like a smart Irishman whom I had among my soldiers. I said nothing, but went back to my headquarters, and calling up the Irishman, in whom I had perfect confidence, I gave him some money and told him to go and buy out the musician. He did so. He bought the hand-organ, the monkey and the musician's clothes, and paid $50 for them. Dressed in these I sent him out on a spy. He traveled all the surrounding country and gave me some very valuable information, This information was worth thousands of dollars to the United States government, and, "concluded Gen. Butler, "you can thus see why it paid the United States to pay $50 for a hand organ and a monkey."

DECEMBER. Calculated for North, East, South & West. 1889

M. & D.	MONTHS, DAYS, &C.	Latitude of Southern States. SUN rises & sets. h. m.	h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	h. m.	Aspects of Planets and other Miscellanies.	Latitude of Middle States. SUN rises & sets. h. m.	h. m.	MOON r. & s. h. m.	h. m.	S.	Moon Signs.	s.	d.	Moon south h. m.	h. m.	Water Plants
48)	**1st Sunday in Advent. Matth. 21.**					**Day's length**	**9 h. 50 m. South. States**										
							9 h. 22 m. Middle States										
S.	1 Longinus	7	5	4	55	12 20	♂ rises 2,16	☽	7	19	4	41	12	27	10	♒	18	7	46	8	37
M.	2 Candidus	7	6	4	54	1 21	Altair sets 9,34		7	19	4	41	1	29	10	♒	0	8	30	9	9
T.	3 Cassianus	7	6	4	54	2 22	♃ sets 6,37		7	20	4	40	2	30	9	♓	12	9	15	9	44
W.	4 Barbara	7	7	4	53	3 28	♄ rises 10,55		7	20	4	40	3	36	9	♓	24	9	59	10	40
T.	5 Abigail	7	7	4	53	4 32	♀ rises 5,40 ♆ ♂ ☽.		7	21	4	39	4	41	9	♈	7	10	45	11	36
F.	6 St. Nichol.	7	7	4	53	5 36	Sirius rises 8,42		7	21	4	39	5	47	8	♈	19	11	32	12	24
S.	7 Agathon	7	8	4	52	☽ ris.	7. ☿ ♂ ☉. Inf.		7	22	4	38	☽ ris.		8	♉	2	morn		1	23
49)	**2d Sunday in Advent. Luke 21.**					**Day's length**	**9 h. 44 m. South. States**										
							9 h. 16 m. Middle States										
S.	8 *C. V. Mary*	7	8	4	52	5 59	7 ✳ south 10,39		7	22	4	38	5	42	7	♉	15	12	20	2	11
M.	9 Joachim	7	8	4	52	6 41	Arietis south 8,52	♓	7	23	4	37	6	31	7	♉	28	1	10	2	59
T.	10 Judith	7	9	4	51	7 38	☽ in apo. ♂ rises 2,10		7	23	4	37	7	26	6	♊	11	1	59	3	49
W.	11 Barsabas	7	9	4	51	8 34	Markab sets 12,32		7	23	4	37	8	20	6	♊	25	2	48	4	39
T.	12 Ottilia	7	9	4	51	9 32	♀ rises 5,58		7	24	4	36	9	20	5	♋	9	3	36	5	27
F.	13 Lucian	7	9	4	51	10 29	♄ rises 10,20		7	24	4	36	10	19	5	♋	23	4	22	6	13
S.	14 Nicasius	7	10	4	50	11 32	♄ stationary		7	25	4	35	11	20	4	♌	7	5	7	6	58
50)	**3d Sunday in Advent. Matth. 11.**					**Day's length**	**9 h. 40 m. South. States**										
							9 h. 10 m. Middle States										
S.	15 Ignatius	7	10	4	50	morn	15. ♃ sets 5,55		7	25	4	35	morn		4	♌	21	5	51	7	52
M.	16 Ananias	7	10	4	50	12 2	7 ✳ south 10,4		7	25	4	35	12	10	4	♍	5	6	36	8	42
T.	17 Lazarus	7	10	4	50	1 24	♅ ♂ ☽. ♂ rises 2,2		7	25	4	35	1	27	3	♍	19	7	21	9	31
W.	18 *Emberday*	7	11	4	49	2 30	♄ rises 9,59		7	25	4	35	2	34	3	♎	3	8	8	10	21
T.	19 Abraham	7	11	4	49	3 40	Rigel south 11,21		7	25	4	35	3	47	2	♎	17	8	58	11	13
F.	20 Ammon	7	11	4	49	4 50	♀ rises 6,15		7	25	4	35	4	57	2	♏	1	9	53	12	3
S.	21 St. Thom.	7	12	4	48	5 58	☉ enters ♑ shor. day		7	26	4	34	6	10	1	♏	15	10	5	12	48
51)	**4th Sunday in Advent. John 1.**					**Day's length**	**9 h. 38 m. South. States**										
							9 h. 10 m. Middle States										
S.	22 Beata	7	11	4	49	☽ set	22. Winter com		7	25	4	35	☽ set		1	♏	29	11	56	1	24
M.	23 Dagobert	7	11	4	49	6 9	♃ ♂ ☽. ♃ sets		7	25	4	35	6	3	S.	♐	12	12	34	2	6
T.	24 Adam, Eve	7	11	4	49	7 20	Formal south 8,48		7	25	4	35	7	14	sl.	♐	25	1	2	2	48
W.	25 *Christmas*	7	11	4	49	8 30	♄ rises 9,31		7	25	4	35	8	26	0	♑	8	2	6	3	26
T.	26 Stephen	7	10	4	50	9 40	Regulus rises 8,58		7	25	4	35	9	35	0	♑	21	3	7	4	3
F.	27 *John, Ev.*	7	10	4	50	10 45	☿ gr. Hel. Lat. south		7	25	4	35	10	40	0	♒	4	4	3	4	44
S.	28 H. Innoc.	7	10	4	50	11 54	Arietis south 7,30		7	25	4	35	11	48	1	♒	15	4	45	5	19
52)	**Sunday after Christmas. Luke 2.**					**Day's length**	**9 h. 42 m. South. States**										
							9 h. 12 m. Middle States										
S.	29 Noah	7	9	4	51	morn	29. ♀ rises 6,32		7	24	4	36	morn		2	♓	26	5	43	6	3
M.	30 David	7	9	4	51	12 39	7 ✳ south 9,4		7	24	4	36	12	37	2	♈	8	6	2	6	51
T.	31 Sylvester	7	9	4	51	1 37	♂ rises 1,46		7	24	4	36	1	32	3	♈	20	7	27	7	47

Jewish Festivals and Fasts,—5650.—December 18., Chanukah. 23. and 24., Rosh Chodesh Thebet.

Moon's Phases.

	Southern States. D	H.	M.		Middle States D	H	M
Full Moon	7	4	32 Morning	Full Moon	7	4	52 Morning
Last Quarter	15	9	38 Morning	Last Quarter	15	9	58 Morning
New Moon	22	7	32 Morning	New Moon	22	7	52 Morning
First Quarter	29	11	56 Evening	First Quarter	29	12	16 Morning

UNCLE SAM'S ALMANAC.

CONJECTURES OF THE WEATHER.

1. 2. changeable, 3. 4. 5. rain, 6. 7. clear, 8, 9. cold, 10. 11. snow, 13. 14. 15. changeable, 16. 17. fair, 18. 19. 20. rain, 21. 22, stormy, 23. 24. 25. fair, 26. 27. snow, 28. 29. frost, 30. 31. clear.

The greatest glory is not in never falling, but in rising every time we fall.

WEBSTER'S 7. OF MARCH SPEECH.

"The unveiling of the statue of Daniel Webster," said Mr. Van Zandt, "at Concord, calls to mind a story about him which I think has never seen its way into print. Both of the parties concerned in it are now dead, and I do not suppose that it will do any harm to tell the story. Dr. Samuel Kirkland Lothrop, pastor of the Bridle-street Church, where Webster used to attend service, became one of that distinguished statesman's most intimate friends. With all of Webster's rough manner of speaking at times, he was at heart a sincere believer in the Christian religion. You know what an excitement there was in New England over the slavery question a few years before the war broke out. Before Mr. Webster delivered his celebrated 7th of March speech it was expected by many of the extreme Abolitionists in Massachusetts that he would take strong grounds against slavery. Well, he delivered his speech, and it was a great disappointment to many. It should not have been to any one who had followed Webster's utterances on the subject carefully. Webster was a conservative man, and his speech of March 7, was perfectly consistent with his record. When he went to Boston afterwards his reception was a cold and cheerless one. They refused to open Faneuil Hall to him to speak in, and treated him outrageously. It was probably the means of hastening his death a few months later. After he had delivered his speech Webster wrote his friend Dr. Lothrop a letter. The doctor, who died shortly, frequently exhibited the letter to me. It was very short, and I can repeat it in full. It began, 'My dear doctor,' and then quoting from Lady Macbeth, "I have done the deed. Did you not hear a noise? Yours, D. Webster.' That was the last letter Dr. Lothrop ever received from his friend."

MR. LINCOLN'S INGENUITY. In 1864 he was greatly bothered by the peace-at-any-price men from the North. There was especially one old fellow from Massachusetts, very bland and wholly bald, who was the thorn in the Presidential flesh, Mr. Lincoln managed to get rid of him and his Quaker appeals by one device or another until his ingenuity was severely taxed. One day when the angel of mercy had been boring him about half an hour to the delay of important business, the President suddenly rose, walked to a closet and took a large bottle from it.

"Did you ever try this for baldness?" he asked, exhibiting the bottle for his visitor's inspection.

The visitor admitted that he never had. Mr. Lincoln summoned a servant, had the bottle wrapped up and gave it to the astonished philanthropist with the instruction: "Now go and rub some of that on your head. Persevere; keep it up. They say 'twill make the hair grow. Come back in about three months and report."

The grieved disciple of Penn found himself out of the door with the hair restorer under his arm before he had time to fairly reflect.

PRESIDENTS WIVES. — Washington wrote many and long letters to his wife, which were full of affection, but "Lady" Washington thought so much of these that she destroyed them before she died. Only one escaped — the one in which he announced his appointment as Commander-in-Chief of the Colonial army. He begins the letter "My dearest," and closes it with the statement that he is "with unfeigned regard" her "very affectionate George Washington." He used several times in the letter his pet name for his wife, which was "My dear Patsy," and says he has made a will with which he doubts not she will be pleased.

John Adams speaks of his wife, Abigail, as the source of all his felicity. His marriage with her continued for fifty-three years, and its only pang was found in absence and final separation.

President Pierce was so fond of his wife that at 36 years of age he resigned his seat in the United States senate because Washington City did not agree with her health, and four years later he declined the Attorney-Generalship in the Cabinet of President Polk for the same reason.

Gen. Grant and his wife were very affectionate. Dr. Newman, his pastor, tells me that each carried constantly a lock of the other's hair, and Grant wore throughout his married life a ring which his wife gave him during their engagement. During the General's last sickness his fingers became so emaciated that the ring was taken off for a time. When he was laid in his coffin Col. Fred. Grant put it on again, and he was buried with a lock of his wife's hair in his breast pocket.

President Arthur revered the memory of Mrs. Arthur. Her picture was hung in his chamber at the White House, and was by his orders decorated with a wreath of roses every morning. He sat in the pew she used to occupy at St. John's Church while in Washington, and he gave a memorial window to the church in her honor.

PRESIDENT GARFIELD was undoubtedly a devoted Son. "When he came before the public in his largest capacity in 1880, the little white-haired mother stood at his side. She had not been thrust forward obtrusively, by calculation, for scenic effect; she was merely in her accustomed place. The nation saw it, and its heart was touched. She was the first member of the family established in the White House. She sat with the President's wife just behind him as he delivered his inaugural address on the east front of the Capitol; and his first act after lifting his lips from the page of the Bible was to turn and kiss them both. The fastidious called it a sin against good taste, but James Russell Lowell spoke a true word when he said in Exeter Hall, "If we had found the story in Plutarch we should have thought no worse of the hero of it." Among the most touching things that he spoke in the eighty days that he trod the wine press alone in Washington and at Elberon, were the longings that he poured out for the scenes and the companions of his earlier years; and of these, the most pathetic was the manly, simple, and yet eloquent letter that he addressed to his mother while she waited at Hiram the inevitable issue. Always a member of his family, she was carried into a great and an unaccustomed world; but through it all she bore herself with a dignity so simple and so easy, and expressed herself in ways so quaint and so befitting that she at once proved the superiority of her nature, and riveted the attention that place and circumstance had first attracted."

ABRAHAM Lincoln had a daguerreotype taken in Monmouth in 1854. The old negative has been found and pictures are being made from it.

THE FEARS OF THE FATHERS. All that the world now understands by the word America — its democratic institutions, its breadth of personal privilege, its vast political opportunities, its immense material wealth and resources, its historic achievements and the great characters it has given to the world's undying regard—comes from, or is indissolubly associated with, the event which the Fourth of July honors and commemorates.

The declaration of 1776 was not a surprise to many of the colonists, but it outran the thought of most. It was received something as Lincoln's immortal Proclamation of Emancipation was received — with intense enthusiasm by the majority, but with sullen opposition or outspoken protest by a large minority. The new nation did not excite magnificent expectations in any quarter. The eloquent predictions of John Adams were uttered in a moment of great excitement, and were shared by very few of his compatriots. The fathers felt the terrible responsibility laid on their shoulders too heavily to indulge in the luxury of splendid hopes or prophetic dreams. The stern realities of the situation were too urgent and trying; the war they were engaged in with one of the most powerful nations was too unequal and uncertain in its issue to admit of castle building. The long and wasting campaigns waged without resources, and after the early enthusiasm had died away, told on their courage and aleniated many and depressed all but the heroic few. The effect of the final victory was heightened by the fact that it was unexpected by most of the people. The adoption of the Federal constitution and the organization of the present national government in 1789–90 awackened no high expectations and elicited no fine predictions of permanent success. It was a work of necessity and was done with more fear than hope. The splendid result that we behold an enjoy and celebrate with so much enthusiasm has come without anticipation.

HOW A COLONEL RECEIVED PROMOTION. A friend told me how the colonel of his regiment secured promotion. It is a fair sample of how sham military reputation is manufactured. The regiment was in action in the open, this in the southwest under Sherman. The colonel was on horseback in the rear of the regiment, just where he should have been. The Confederate sharpshooters saw an officer on horseback and began to pay attention to him. The colonel, finding that the sharpshooters had selected him for a target, was greatly alarmed, and thought he was to be killed. He did not dare to ride off the field, nor did he dare dismount while under fire, for fear that his men would suspect him of cowardice.

He speedily concluded that he had best be moving, so he galloped his horse up and down behind his regiment. He was nervous and excited, as well he might be, with a score of sharpshooters trying to gather him to his fathers, and, to relieve his feelings, he shouted to his men to "Give it to the rebel — — — —!" Furiously he rode, expecting to be killed every instant. An advantage gained by our troops in another part of the field dislodged the sharpshooters, and the colonel was at rest. His riding his line his sham encouragement of his men had been seen from corps headquarters. There his actions were construed to indicate that his regiment was hard pressed, which was true, and that he was gallantly holding his men to their work, which was not true, as they had no intention of abandoning the field. The colonel was recommended for promotion as a reward for his gallantry in action. Speedily a single star shone on his shoulder strap, where the bird of freedom had been wont to roost. And ever after he posed as the fighting brigadier.

END OF THE TRADE DOLLARS.

THE LAST "MELT" AT THE ASSAY OFFICE. SAMPLES FOR ASSAYING — BRICKS.

Some time ago the last "melt" of the 3,495, 533 trade dollars which have been received at the United States assay office in Wall street, since the act of congress authorizing their purchase went into effect, was completed and the limpid silver was poured into the molds and transformed into silver bricks, 1,100 to 1,200 ounces in weight. A "melt" of silver at the assay office means 5,000 ounces. Therefore, in order to make way with the whole number of this 3,500,000 of trade dollars about 700 "melts" were necessary. A reporter chanced to be present and stood near the crucible when these last representatives of a dead currency slowly lost their individuality and became a shapeless glittering mass. When the last "melt" of the trade dollars had been poured into the molds and made into bricks, the reporter observed that two small quantities, perhaps of a grain or two each, were put into little receptacles and sent to the assaying room. "These," explained Assistant Assayer J. T. Wilder, "are the samples for assaying. Two are taken from each 'melt.' They are each assayed by different persons and their work must tally. If it does not, the work is repeated. If the two assays still fail to agree the whole melt is remelted and fresh samples taken. Then the process is gone through with again.

"The greatest care is taken," said Mr. Wilder, "to guard against inaccuracies. The assaying is done by the Gay Lussac method. The exact amount of metal is weighed and dissolved in nitric acid. Then enough chlorine is added to precipitate precisely a drachm of pure silver. The solution is then shaken for three minutes in a shaking machine (run by steam), after which it is allowed to settle. More salt water is added, every atom of which is taken account of, and if any silver remains in solution; it shows slight cloudiness. The operation is repeated until no cloudiness appears, showing that no silver remains in the solution: that it has all been precipitated. Then a calculation is made as to the exact fineness of the samples of silver in the trade dollar, which is corrected by silver proofs. When the fineness is thouroughly ascertained it is stamped upon the bar or brick which has been formed by the melted dollars, together with the value, weight, melt number and number of the bar. Then the bar or brick is sent to the 'inclosure' before mentioned, where the other 'trade dollar' bricks are kept under a combination safe lock. The combination of this, as well as of the other safe locks in the building, is known only to Superintendent Mason and one other trusted official.

A SOLDIER'S LOST LETTER. At one time during the late civil war the National hotel at Dalton, Ga., was used as a temporary hospital. Recently, as some workmen were engaged in making some interior repairs about the building, a letter, faded and yellowed with age, was discovered behind the plastering of the wall of one of the rooms. Upon examination the letter was found to have been written by a soldier of the war, probably while lying wounded in the building. Much of the chirography was illegible, though enough could be deciphered to show that the letter was a brief history of the war, which the writer had doubtless intended to have forwarded to his home folk. How it came behind the plastering is a question to be solved. Maybe the wounded soldier in an attack of delirium slipped his epistle through a crack in the wall, mistaking it for one of Uncle Sam's mail boxes.

EXPIRATION OF JACKSON'S TERM.

SCENES AT THE WHITE HOUSE WHEN "OLD HICKORY" LEFT THE CHAIR.

Among the many interesting incidents in the life of "Earthquake Allen," a sobriquet which his powerful voice gained him, was his account of his visit to Andrew Jackson late on the night of March 3, 1837. Mr. Allen had come to Washington to enter the senate at noon the next day, when the presidential term of Gen. Jackson would expire. On reaching the White House Mr. Allen, who was well known to the attendants, was shown into the president's bed chamber.

Chief justice Taney and Senator Forsythe, of Georgia, afterward minister to Spain and secretary of state, were already in the room, and Jackson himself, active and to a certain extent restless, as usual, stood in the middle of the floor, smoking a short corn-cob pipe. He congratulated Allen warmly upon his election to the senate and then, calling to a young Irishman who acted as his body servant and waiter, turned to his visitor and said: "Gentlemen, I think the occasion will warrant me in breaking one of my own rules. Let us drink a little Madeira." The wine was brought, Jackson took a small glassful—it was the first liquor he had been known to touch for several months—and then, asking his friends to excuse him for a few moments, he finished writing a letter upon which he was engaged, sealed, directed it, and lighting his cob pipe again, took a whiff or two and stood silently watching the face of a great, tall, oldfashioned clock which stood in one corner. It was five minutes before midnight, five minutes before the beginning of the day upon which Andrew Jackson would cease to be president of the United States.

Slowly the minute-hand moved around the dial. The silence in the room became almost painful. It was broken by the clear, sharp bell of the clock striking the last hour of the day which had gone forever. Then Jackson, starting suddenly and looking toward his friends, said with a quick, nervous laugh: "Gentlemen, I am no longer president of the United States, but as good a citizen as any of you." Subsequently he expressed to them a feeling of great relief at the prospect of escaping from the official cares which had begun to weigh most heavily upon him, saying to Allen, among other things of the same sort: "I am very glad to get away from all this excitement and bother." That day Van Buren was inaugurated president of the United States and Jackson, at the end of his second term, left the White House—left it so poor that he was obliged to borrow from his friends $5,000 with which to rebuild "The Hermitage," his old family mansion, which some time before had been burned to the ground.

TILDEN AT THE SHRINE OF BEAUTY. Some years ago, at the Fifth Avenue theatre, a distinguished party passed from the manager's box behind the scenes to congratulate Mary Anderson upon her success. The scene in the green room was very striking as the tall Kentucky beauty was formally presented by Henry Watterson to Samuel J. Tilden. Attired in an elaborate full dress suit, a jewel sparkling in his shirt front, his hair carefully combed, his face radiant with smiles, to which the drooping of one eyelid gave a quizzical debonair expression, Mr. Tilden paid his compliments to the actress with all the grace and empressement of a French nobleman. The airiest nothings sparkled as he uttered them, the commonplaces of admiration glowed with the fervor of his look and manner.

"What a handsome man Mr. Tilden is?" said Miss Anderson, as the party retired. "Old?" she continued, in reply to an observation; "I never thought of his age. Why, his talk was as young as anybody's."

UNCLE SAM'S ALMANAC.

THE FIRST PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION. The first presidential election occurred in 1788, just a hundred years in advance of the contest on which the people of the United States have entered last fall. There was no controversy as to the head of the ticket, for though Washington was a Federalist, both parties gave him their support. There was no national Convention and no canvassing of the people for votes, as in nearly every state the presidential electors were chosen by the Legislature. Only ten states voted at all, New York not being able to choose electors, as the state Senate was controlled by one party and the Assembly by the other, and they could not be brought together in joint ballot. Rhode Island had not come into the Union, and so had no share in the honor of the elevation of Washington to the chief magistracy. Neither did North Carolina participate in the voting, though she had ratified the constitution. When the electoral college met every vote was cast for George Washington as the first president. For vice president there was a bitter contest, and there were several candidates, chief of whom were John Adams and George Clinton, of New York. Though the Clinton votes were mostly cast for other candidates, Mr. Adams had 34 votes out of 69, one less than a majority, but was elected on the ground of having the ,,next highest" number. Had New York voted at all, her support would have been given to Clinton, and the Adamses would probably never have resided in the White House. The history of those times shows that there was as much bitterness of feeling as, even if not more than, exists on such occasions in our day.

GEN. GRANT'S SON-IN-LAW. "Sartoris told how he asked Gen. Grant for the young lady's (Nellie's) hand. With all the awe of an Englishman for the head of a state he was invited to dinner at the White House, knowing what was expected of him. After dinner the president led the way to the billiard room and offered him a cigar. 'Then,' said Sartoris, 'I knew my time had come. I waited and hoped the president would help me, but not a word did he say. He sat silent, looking at me. I hesitated and fidgeted and coughed and thought I would sink through the floor. Finally, I exclaimed in desperation: "Mr President, I want to marry your daughter.' " It took a bold man to say that to Gen. Grant, but doubtless the boldness recommended him, for Sartoris carried off the prize.

LINCOLN'S regard and affection for his stepmother, Mrs. Sarah Lincoln, was well known. With a view of obtaining this estimable lady's opinion of Lincoln, a gentleman visited her after her son's death. She was, at the time of the interview, quite feeble, being 64 years of age. She is described as a plain and unsophisticated woman, with a frank and open countenance, a warm heart full of kindness toward others, and in many respects very like the president. Abraham was evidently her idol; she spoke of him as her "good boy," and with much feeling said: "He was always a good boy, and willing to do just what I wanted. He and his stepbrothers never quarreled but once, and that, you know, is a great deal for stepbrothers. I didn't want him elected president. I knew they would kill him."

THE largest popular vote as yet cast for President of the United States was that of 1884, by which Cleveland was elected, having received 4,911,017. The candidate receiving the largest per cent of the total vote cast was Andrew Jackson, in 1828, he having received 55.97. of the total vote.

FAMOUS MEN'S GRAVES.

THE FINAL RESTING PLACES OF JOHN BUNYAN AND DANIEL DEFOE.

The cemetery of Bunhill Fields is honored by a pair whose names and deeds to all the world are known," John Bunyan, and the author of Robinson Crusoe." The former's grave is almost in the center of the burial ground and is readily discernible, being marked by a white marble recumbent figure upon a high tomb that bears on its sides sculptured representations of a Pilgrim; one, where he is struggling under the weight of his burden; the other, where it has fallen from his shoulders and lies behind him as he hastens gladly onward. Th simple inscription on the front of the tomb is as follows:

"John Bunyan, author of 'Pilgrim's Progress,' Obt. 31st Aug., 1688."

Chief among those who here "rest in hope" is Daniel Defoe, to whose memory has been erected a large monument as the result of an appeal in the "Christian World" to the boys and girls of England for funds to place a suitable memorial on the grave of "that necromancer great." It represents the untited contributions of 1,700 persons. Dr. Isaac Watts is alone entombed here under a very long epitaph.

"Far from the maddening crowd's ignoble strife," in the churchyard of Stoke Pogis church, where "rests his head upon the lap of earth," sleeps Gray in the scene of his immortal "Elegy," amidst silence unbroken save by the voices of the birds and the rustling footsteps of the deer in the Park adjoining, in the center of which is erected a huge monument bearing portions of the "Elegy," engraved upon it. Here, "to dumb forgetfulness a prey," slipped from the "racks of pain. disease, and sorrow's weeping train," he has found his way "beyond the limits of a vulgar fate."

WASHINGTON AND THE SCULPTORS. Washington had constant applications from persons who wished to write his life or paint his portrait. There was a sculptor, named Wright, who undertook to get a model of Washington's face. "Wright came to Mount Vernon," so Washington tells the story, "with the singular request that I should permit him to take a model of my face, in plaster of Paris, to which I consented with some reluctance. He oiled my features, and placing me flat upon my back, upon a cot, proceeded to daub my face with the plaster. Whilst I was in this ludicrous attitude, Mrs. Washington entered the room, and, seeing my face thus overspread with the plaster, involuntarily exclaimed. Her cry excited in me a disposition to smile, which gave my mouth a slight twist, or compression of the lips, that is now observable in the busts which Wright afterward made." A more successful sculptor was Houdon, who was commissioned by Virginia to make a statue of Washington. He also took a plaster model, and the fine statue which he made stands in Richmond. A portrait painter, named Pine, also paid a visit to Mount Vernon about this time with a letter from one of Washington's friends to whom Washington wrote during Pine's visit: "'In for a penny, in for a pound,' is an old adage. I am so hackneyed to the touches of the painter's pencil, that I am now altogether at their beck, and sit, like 'patience on a monument,' whilst they are delineating the lines of my face. It is a proof among many others of what habit and custom can effect. At first I was as impatient at the request, and as restive under the operation as a colt is of the saddle. The next time I submitted very reluctantly, but with less flouncing. Now no dray moves more readily to the thill than I do to the painter's chair. It may easily be conceived, therefore, that I yielded a ready obedience to your request, and to the views of Mr. Pine."

PENNSYLVANIA COURT CALENDER.

United States Circuit Court. Terms—Eastern district at Philadelphia, first Mon. April and October; Western District, at Pittsburgh, second Mon. in May and Nov.; Scranton, 1st Mon. of March and Sept.; Williamsport, third Mon. June and Sept.; Erie, second Mon. Jan. and third Mon. July. The Eastern District is composed of the following counties:—Adams, Berks, Bucks, Carbon, Chester, Cumberland, Dauphin, Delaware, Franklin, Lancaster, Lebanon, Lehigh, Monroe, Montgomery, Northampton, Perry, Pike, Schuylkill, Wayne, York and Philadelphia.

Counties.	*Courts of Common Pleas.*
Adams	3d Mon. April and Aug., 4th Mon. Jan. and 2d Mon. Nov. Special return days for certain suits 3d Mon. June, Oct., Nov. and January, two weeks court.
Allegheny	No 1, 1st Mon. March, June, Sept. and Dec. No. 2, 1st Mon. January, April, July and Oct. Return days 1st Monday of each month.
Armstrong	1st Monday March, June, September, Dec.
Beaver	1st Monds. March June Sept. and Dec.
Bedford	1st Mon. Feb and Sept and 3d Mon. April and Nov.
Berks	2d Mon Jan. and April, 1st Mon. May, 3d Mon. Sept., 2d Mon. Oct. and 4th Mon. Nov. Return day 2d Monday every month except May.
Blair	2d Mon. Jan., 1st Mon. Oct., 2d Mon. March and 3d Mon. June.
Bradford	1st Mon. Feb., May, Sept. and Dec., at Towanda and 4th Monday March and Oct., at Troy.
Bucks	3d Mon. May, 1st Mon. Dec., 2d Mon. Sept. and 2d Mon. Jan.
Butler	1st Mon. March, June, Sept and Dec., 3d Mon. of each month return day.
Cambria	1st Mon. March, June, Sept. and Dec.
Cameron	3d Mon. Jan., 2d Mon, Nov. and 1st Mon. May and Sept.
Carbon	2d Mon. Jan., April, June and Oct.
Centre	4th Mon. Jan. April, Aug and Nov.
Chester	Last Mon. Jan., April, and Oct. and 2d Mon. Aug. and by adjournment for arguments and other business not requiring a jury, on the 2d Mon. March, June, Sept., and Dec. At chambers every Mon. No civil cases tried by jury at Aug. term.
Clarion	2d Mon. Jan., April, Aug. and Nov.
Clearfield	2d Mon. Feb., May and Sept.
Clinton	2d Mon. May, 1st Mon. Jan. and 4th Mon. Feb. and Sept.
Columbia	1st Mon. Feb., May and Dec., and 4th Mon. Sept.
Cumberland	2d Mon. Jan., April and Nov. and 4th Mon. Aug.
Crawford	2d Mon. Feb. May, Sept. and Nov.
Cumberland	3d Mon. Jan., April and Nov. and 4th Mon Aug.
Dauphin	3d Mon. Jan. and Nov, and 4th Mon. April and the next Mon. succeeding the 4th Mon. of Aug. Return day on 1st day of each term, and 4th Mon. of every other month except July.
Delaware	1st Mon. March June and Dec., and 3d Mon Sept. Argument courts 1st Mon. Jan., Feb., April and May, 2d Mon. Oct. and 1st Mon. Nov.
Elk	3d Mon. Sept and Nov. and 4th Mon. Jan. and May
Erie	1st and 2d Mon. Oct., 2d and 3d Mon. Jan., March and April and 3d Mon Feb.
Fayette	1st Mon. March, June, Sept and Dec.
Forest	4th Mon. Feb. and 3d Mon. Sept., Dec. and May.
Franklin	4th Mon. Feb. and April and 1st Mon. Sept and Dec. Orphan's court meets 4th Tues. Jan., June and Oct.
Fulton	1st Tues, after 2d Mon. Jan. and June and on 1st Mon. Oct. and 3d Mon. March.
Greene	1st Mon. April and Oct., 3d Mon. June and 1st Mon. Jan.
Huntingdon	2d Mon. Feb., April, Sept, and Dec.
Indiana	1st Mon. March, June, Sept. and Dec.
Jefferson	2d Mon. Feb., May, Sept. and Dec. Return days 2d Mon of each month.
Juniata	1st Mon Feb., Sept. and Dec. and 4th Mon April.
Lackawanna	2d Mon. Jan. and Oct., and 1st Mon. April and June.
Lancaster	4th Mon. Jan., April, Aug. and Nov.
Lawrence	2d Mon. Feb., May and Sept and 3d Mon Nov.
Lebanon	1st Mon. Jan. and Nov. and 3d Mon. April and Aug.
Lehigh	1st Mon. Jan., June and Sept. and 2d Mon. April and Nov.
Luzerne	1st Mon. Oct. three weeks 3d Mon. Nov. two weeks (remainder 1883).
Lycoming	1st Mon. March, June and Sept. and last Mon. Nov.
McKean	4th Mon. Feb. May and Sept and 3d Mon. Dec.
Mercer	1st Mon. Jan., March, June and Oct.
Mifflin	2d Mon. Jan., 3d Mon. April, and 2d Mon. Nov. and 4th Mon. Aug.
Monroe	4th Mon. Feb., May, Sept. and 2d Mon. Dec.
Montgomery	1st Mon. March, June Oct. and Dec., two weeks each. Adjourned courts for arguments, 1st Mon. Feb., May, Sept., and Nov., one week each. Orphans' Court and Common Pleas, 1st and 3d Mon in every month except July and Aug. Return days 1st Mon. of months of regular terms, 2d Mon. of all other months.
Montour	4th Mon. Feb., May and Sept., 3d Mon Dec., 4th Mon. of Feb. and May and 3d Mon of Sept. and Dec.
Northampton	2d Mon. Feb., April, June, Aug., Oct. and Dec.
Northumberland	1st Mon Feb., May, Sept and Dec. and 2d Mon. of each of the other months.
Perry	Regular terms of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, Quarter Sessions are held 3d Mon. Jan. and Nov., 2d Mon. April and 1st Mon. Aug. Orphans' and argument courts generally 2d Tues March, June, Oct. and Dec.
Philadelphia	1st Mon March, June and Dec and 3d Mon. Sept. The Court of Quarter Sessions or Criminal Court commencing 1st Mon. of each month.
Pike	3d Mon March, Oct. and Dec. and 1st Mon. June.
Potter	1st Mon. March, 2d Mon. June and 3d Mon Sept and Dec.
Schuylkill	1st Mon. Jan., March, May, July Sept. and 2d Mon. Nov. Sessions for civil trials begin on the 3d week.
Snyder	4th Mon. Feb., May and Sept. and 2d Mon Dec.
Somerset	4th Mon. Feb., 3d Mon. May, 4th Mon. Sept. and 2d Mon. Dec.
Sullivan	4th Mon. Feb, May and Sept and 2nd Mon Dec.
Susquehanna	2d Mon. Jan., April, Aug., Nov.
Tioga	Last Mon. Jan, Aug. and Nov. and 1st Mon. April.
Union	3d Mon May Sept. and Dec. and 2d Mon. March.
Venango	4th Mon Jan., April, Aug. and Nov
Warren	1st Mon. Jan., Feb, March, April, May, June, Sept Oct. and Dec and 2d Mon. Nov., Feb. and Dec
Washington	2d Mon Feb. and May, 3d Mon. Aug. and 2d Mon Nov.
Wayne	1st Mon March, May, Oct and Dec.
Westmoreland	1st Mon. Feb 2d Mon May and Nov. and last Mon. Aug.
Wyoming	2d Mon. Jan., April, August and Nov.
York	4th Mon. Jan and Nov, 2d Mon. May, Sept, and Nov. 3d Mon. Feb. and 1st Mon. March.

DELAWARE COURT CALENDER.

United States Circuit Court is held at Wilmington on the third Tuesdays in June and October,
United States District Court is held at Wilmington on the second Tuesdays in January, April, June and November

Counties.	*Superior Courts.*
Kent	4th Mon. April and Oct.
Newcastle	1st Mon. Feb. 4th Mon. after beginning of April term in Kent, 3d Mon. Sept. and 4th Mon. Nov.
Sussex	2d Mon. April and 2d Monday October.

UNCLE SAM'S ALMANAC.

FITZ JOHN PORTER'S STYLE. Fitz John Porter was one of the most patriotic and aggressive of the young officers of the army in 1861, when the rebellion began. In the early days of the war, when the first call for troops was made, Porter was on the staff of General Winfield Scott, and as such was at Harrisburg with Governor Curtin to aid in organizing and forwarding troops. While he was there and when the troops were coming in rapidly, the Baltimore eruption came, the gunpowder bridges were burnt and for several days all communication was cut off between the north and Washington. It was declared that no troops could be marched through Baltimore to defend the capital, and the whole north was appalled at a rebellious city halting the advance of soldiers to protect their government. In a consultation held in Governor Curtin's office, at which General Patterson, Colonel Fitz John Porter, Colonel Thomas A. Scott, Colonel John A. Wright and others were present, the question of forwarding troops to Washington was the theme of discussion. All seemed to be overwhelmed by the gravity of the situation but Porter. He was then a young soldier, but he had none of the signs of rashness. He had unfaltering courage, however, and his bright black eyes flashed as he spoke of Baltimore interrupting the march of troops. With an earnestness and emphasis that none present ever forgot, he said: "I would march the troops through Baltimore or over its ashes to defend the capital." None who then saw Fitz John Porter ever doubted either his loyalty or his grand soldiery qualities, and the testimony now conclusively proves that the very act for which he was condemned was dictated by the most patriotic and soldierly attributes. He is now vindicated by the unanimous and qualified judgment of a court of inquiry, by two acts of congress and soon he will again rank on the army roll as one of the noblest and most unjustly condemned soldiers of the republic.

LINCOLN'S MERCIFUL NATURE. Mr. Lincoln was by nature singularly merciful. The ease with which he could be reached by persons who might profit by his clemency gave rise to many notable scenes in the White House during the war. Upwards of twenty deserters were sentenced at one time to be shot. The warrants for their execution were sent to Mr. Lincoln for his approval. He refused to sign them. The commanding general to whose corps the condemned men belonged was indignant. He hurried to Washington. Mr. Lincoln had listened to moving petitions for mercy from humane persons who, like himself were shocked at the idea of the cold blooded execution of more than a score of misguided men. His resolution was fixed, but his rule was to see every man who had business with him.

The irate commander was admitted into Mr. Lincoln's private office. With soldierly bluntness he told the president that mercy to the few was cruelty to the many; that executive clemency in such a case would be a blow to military discipline, and that unless the condemned men were made examples of, the army itself would be in danger. "General," said Mr. Lincoln, "there are too many weeping widows in the United States now. For God's sake, don't ask me to add to the number, for, I tell you plainly, I won't do it!"

He believed that kind words were better for the poor fellows than cold lead, and the sequel showed that he was right.

A column of brick masonry about twenty feet high is still standing, overgrown with ivy, amid a group of fine old trees, on the James River. It is all that remains of the first church erected by Englishmen in America, and was erected by the Jamestown colony in 1610.

LARGE MULTIPLICATION TABLE.

THIS TABLE shows that the large figures in front of each double-row are intended to multiply the small head-figures in said row; for instance, the large 9 is followed by 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, etc., until 9, beneath which stands the increase of each, multiplied by 9, viz: 9 times 2 are 18, 9 times 3 are 27, etc., 9 times 9 are 81, as will be seen at the end of the row; and, in the last row, 25 times 2 are 50, etc., and at the end 25 times 25 are 625.

1	1																							
2	2	4																						
3	3	6	9																					
4	4	8	12	16																				
5	5	10	15	20	25																			
6	6	12	18	24	30	36																		
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49																	
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64																
9	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81															
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100														
11	11	22	33	44	55	66	77	88	99	110	121													
12	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	144												
13	13	26	39	52	65	78	91	104	117	130	143	156	169											
14	14	28	42	56	70	84	98	112	126	140	154	168	182	196										
15	15	30	45	60	75	90	105	120	135	150	165	180	195	210	225									
16	16	32	48	64	80	96	112	128	144	160	176	192	208	224	240	256								
17	17	34	51	68	85	102	119	136	153	170	187	204	221	238	255	272	289							
18	18	36	54	72	90	108	126	144	162	180	198	216	234	252	270	288	306	324						
19	19	38	57	76	95	114	133	152	171	190	209	228	247	266	285	304	323	342	361					
20	20	40	60	80	100	120	140	160	180	200	220	240	260	280	300	320	340	360	380	400				
21	21	42	63	84	105	126	147	168	189	210	231	252	273	294	315	336	357	378	399	420	441			
22	22	44	66	88	110	132	154	176	198	220	242	264	286	308	330	352	374	396	418	440	462	484		
23	23	46	69	92	115	138	161	184	207	230	253	276	299	322	345	368	391	414	437	460	483	506	529	
24	24	48	72	96	120	144	168	192	216	240	264	288	312	336	360	384	408	432	456	480	504	528	552	576
25	25	50	75	100	125	150	175	200	225	250	275	300	325	350	375	400	425	450	475	500	525	550	575	600	625